# Thyroxine (S-249): sc-52831



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Thyroxine (T4) is a tyrosine-based hormone produced by the thyroid glands. Thyroxine circulates throughout the body primarily bound to carrier proteins. Free T4 is converted to Triiodothyronine (T3) in peripheral tissues. The thyronines increase the basal metabolic rate, affect protein synthesis and increase the sensitivity of the body to catecholamines (such as adrenaline). Cases of hypothyroidism, where the gland is insufficiently active, can be treated by administration of Thyroxine or a combination of Thyroxine and Triiodothyronine. Sufficient levels of maternal Thyroxine are essential for fetal development, and inadequate production can cause irreversible fetal brain damage.

## **REFERENCES**

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## **SOURCE**

Thyroxine (S-249) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against Thyroxine of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  in 1.0 mL PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Thyroxine (S-249) is recommended for detection of Thyroxine of human origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc. 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3800 fax 831.457.3801 Europe +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 www.scbt.com