SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

WASP (D-1): sc-5300



BACKGROUND

The Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome (WAS) is a disorder that results from a monogenic defect that has been mapped to the short arm of the X chromosome. WAS is characterized by thrombocytopenia, eczema, defects in cell-mediated and humoral immunity and a propensity for lymphoproliferative disease. The gene that is mutated in the syndrome encodes a proline-rich protein of unknown function designated WAS protein (WASP). A clue to WASP function came from the observation that T cells from affected males had an irregular cellular morphology and a disarrayed cytoskeleton, suggesting the involvement of WASP in cytoskeletal organization. Close examination of the WASP sequence revealed a putative Cdc42/Rac interacting domain, homologous with those found in PAK65 and ACK. Subsequent investigation has shown WASP to be a true downstream effector of Cdc42.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: WAS (human) mapping to Xp11.23.

SOURCE

WASP (D-1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-250 of WASP of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG1 kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

WASP (D-1) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-5300 AC), 500 µg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-5300 HRP), 200 µg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-5300 PE), fluorescein (sc-5300 FITC), Alexa Fluor* 488 (sc-5300 AF488), Alexa Fluor* 546 (sc-5300 AF546), Alexa Fluor* 594 (sc-5300 AF594) or Alexa Fluor* 647 (sc-5300 AF647), 200 µg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor* 680 (sc-5300 AF680) or Alexa Fluor* 790 (sc-5300 AF790), 200 µg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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APPLICATIONS

WASP (D-1) is recommended for detection of WASP of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for WASP siRNA (h): sc-29525, WASP shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29525-SH and WASP shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29525-V.

Molecular Weight of WASP: 66 kDa.

Positive Controls: Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216, MOLT-4 cell lysate: sc-2233 or BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA



WASP (D-1) HRP: sc-5300 HRP. Direct western blot analysis of WASP expression in MOLT-4 (A), BJAB (B) and Ramos (C) whole cell lysates.



WASP (D-1) Alexa Fluor^{*} 488: sc-5300 AF488. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells showing cytoplasmic localization (**A**). WASP (D-1): sc-5300. Immunoperoxi-dase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human appendix tissue showing cytoplasmic and membrane staining of lymphoid cells (**B**).

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- Chen, Y., et al. 2013. Loss of the F-BAR protein CIP4 reduces platelet production by impairing membrane-cytoskeleton remodeling. Blood 122: 1695-1706.
- Braun, C.J., et al. 2014. Gene therapy for Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome long-term efficacy and genotoxicity. Sci. Transl. Med. 6: 227ra33.
- Toscano, M.G., et al. 2016. Absence of WASP enhances hematopoietic and megakaryocytic differentiation in a human embryonic stem cell model. Mol. Ther. 24: 342-353.
- Schrank, B.R., et al. 2018. Nuclear ARP2/3 drives DNA break clustering for homology-directed repair. Nature 559: 61-66.
- Biber, G., et al. 2021. Targeting the Actin nucleation promoting factor WASp provides a therapeutic approach for hematopoietic malignancies. Nat. Commun. 12: 5581.
- Yuan, B., et al. 2022. Wiskott-Aldrich syndrome protein forms nuclear condensates and regulates alternative splicing. Nat. Commun. 13: 3646.
- 9. Nieminuszczy, J., et al. 2023. Actin nucleators safeguard replication forks by limiting nascent strand degradation. bioRxiv. E-published.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.