

Chr-A (PHE5): sc-53013

BACKGROUND

Chromogranins (secretogranins) are acidic glycoproteins that localize within secretory granules of endocrine, neuroendocrine and neuronal tissue. Family members include chromogranin A (Chr-A), chromogranin B (Chr-B, also known as secretogranin I), chromogranin C (also known as secretogranin II or Sg II), secretogranin III (Sg III or SCG3). High levels of Chr-A expression is a characteristic of neuroendocrine tumors. Pancreastatin is a peptide derived from Chr-A which inhibits Insulin secretion, exocrine pancreatic secretion and gastric acid secretion. Pancreastatin exists as two forms; the major form is expressed in stomach and colon extracts. In neuroendocrine cells the level of Sg II has been shown to increase four-fold in response to Histamine, while levels of Chr-A and Chr-B showed little or no increase. Sg III is an acidic secretory protein expressed in neuronal and endocrine cells. In the anterior lobe of the rat pituitary gland, Sg III is primarily expressed in mammotropes and thyrotropes, moderately expressed in gonadotropes and corticotropes, and not detected in somatotropes. Sg III and carboxypeptidase E (CPE) bind specifically to cholesterol-rich secretory granule (SG) membranes.

REFERENCES

- Giudici, A.M., et al. 1992. Immunolocalization of secretogranin II, chromogranin A, and chromogranin B in differentiating human neuroblastoma cells. *Eur. J. Cell Biol.* 58: 383-389.
- Robberecht, P., et al. 1993. Current status on chromogranin A and pancreastatin. *Acta Gastroenterol. Belg.* 56: 261-263.
- Schmid, K.W., et al. 1993. Chromogranin A, secretogranin II and vasoactive intestinal peptide in pheochromocytomas and ganglioneuromas. *Histopathology* 22: 527-533.
- Bauer, J.W., et al. 1993. Histamine induces a gene-specific synthesis regulation of secretogranin II but not of chromogranin A and B in chromaffin cells in a calcium-dependent manner. *J. Biol. Chem.* 268: 1586-1589.
- Schmid, K.W., et al. 1994. Immunohistochemical demonstration of chromogranin A, chromogranin B, and secretogranin II in extra-adrenal paragangliomas. *Mod. Pathol.* 7: 347-353.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CHGA (human) mapping to 14q32.12.

SOURCE

Chr-A (PHE5) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against human pheochromocytoma.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG₁ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Chr-A (PHE5) is recommended for detection of Chr-A of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for Chr-A siRNA (h): sc-37212, Chr-A shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37212-SH and Chr-A shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37212-V.

Molecular Weight of Chr-A: 68-80 kDa.

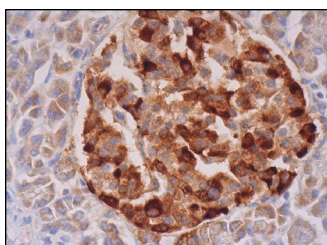
Positive Controls: DU 145 cell lysate: sc-2268, Hep G2 cell lysate: sc-2227 or SK-N-SH cell lysate: sc-2410.

RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended:

- 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048.
- 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).
- 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgGκ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgGκ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850.

DATA



Chr-A (PHE5): sc-53013. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human pancreas tissue showing weak cytoplasmic staining of exocrine glandular cells and cytoplasmic staining of Islets of Langerhans.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



See **Chr-A (C-12): sc-393941** for Chr-A antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor® 488 and Alexa Fluor® 647.