CD4 (OX38): sc-53041



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The T cell receptor (TCR) is a heterodimer composed of either α and β or γ and δ chains. CD3 chains and the CD4 or CD8 co-receptors are also required for efficient signal transduction through the TCR. The TCR is expressed on T helper and T cytotoxic cells that can be distinguished by their expression of CD4 and CD8; T helper cells express CD4 proteins and T cytotoxic cells display CD8. CD4 is also expressed on cortical cells, mature medullary thymocytes, microglial cells and dendritic cells. CD4 (also designated T4 and Leu 3), is a membrane glycoprotein that contains four extracellular immunoglobin-like domains. The TCR in association with CD4 can bind class II MHC molecules presented by the antigen-presenting cells. The CD4 protein functions by increasing the avidity of the interaction between the TCR and an antigenclass II MHC complex. An additional role of CD4 is to function as a receptor for HIV.

REFERENCES

- 1. Maddon, P.J., et al. 1987. Structure and expression of human and mouse T4 genes. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 84: 9155-9159.
- 2. Arthos, J., et al. 1989. Identification of the residues in human CD4 critical for the binding of HIV. Cell 57: 469-481.
- 3. Healey, D., et al. 1990. Novel anti-CD4 monoclonal antibodies separate human immunodeficiency virus infection and fusion of CD4+ cells from virus binding. J. Exp. Med. 172: 1233-1242.
- 4. Allison, J.P. and Havran, W.L. 1991. The immunobiology of T cells with invariant γ δ antigen receptors. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 9: 679-705.
- Janeway, C.A., Jr. 1992. The T cell receptor as a multicomponent signaling machine: CD4/CD8 coreceptors and CD45 in T cell activation. Annu. Rev. Immunol. 10: 645-674.
- Ehrich, E.W., et al. 1993. T cell receptor interaction with peptide/major histocompatibility complex (MHC) and superantigen/MHC ligands is dominated by antigen. J. Exp. Med. 178: 713-722.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Cd4 (mouse) mapping to 6 F2.

SOURCE

CD4 (OX38) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against MLR generated T cells of rat origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG_{2a} kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

CD4 (OX38) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-53041 PE) or fluorescein (sc-53041 FITC), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

CD4 (0X38) is recommended for detection of CD4 cell surface antigen of mouse and rat origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

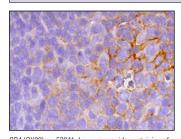
Suitable for use as control antibody for CD4 siRNA (m): sc-29997, CD4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29997-SH and CD4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29997-V.

Molecular Weight of CD4: 54 kDa.

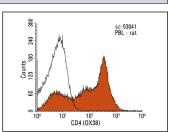
RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG κ BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG κ BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 2) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG κ BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

DATA



CD4 (0X38): sc-53041. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded rat spleen tissue showing membrane and cytoplasmic staining of cells in white pulp.



CD4 (0X38): sc-53041. Indirect FCM analysis of rat peripheral blood leukocytes stained with CD4 (0X38), followed by PE-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG: sc-3738. Black line histogram represents the isotype control, normal mouse $\lg G_{2a}$: sc-3878.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Fang, T., et al. 2020. Chemo-photothermal combination cancer therapy with ROS scavenging, extracellular matrix depletion and tumor immune activation by telmisartan and diselenide-paclitaxel prodrug loaded nanoparticles. ACS Appl. Mater. Interfaces 12: 31292-31308.
- Zuo, T., et al. 2021. pH-sensitive molecular-switch-containing polymer nanoparticle for breast cancer therapy with ferritinophagy-cascade ferroptosis and tumor immune activation. Adv. Healthc. Mater. 10: e2100683.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



See **CD4 (MT310): sc-19641** for CD4 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor[®] 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.