# SP-B (1B9): sc-53137



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

Pulmonary surfactant is primarily responsible for lowering the surface tension at the air-liquid interface in the alveoli, a process that is essential for normal respiration. Pulmonary surfactant is a mixture of phospholipids and proteins, including four distinct surfactant-associated proteins (SPs), SP-A, SP-B, SP-C, SP-D. SP-B and SP-C are predominantly hydrophobic proteins that associate with lipids to promote the absorption of surfactant phospholipids and to reduce the surface tension in the alveoli. SP-A and SP-D are large multimeric proteins belonging to the family of calcium-dependent lectins, designated collectins, which contribute to the innate immune system. Both SP-A and SP-D have been shown to protect against microbial challenge through binding to the lipid components of the bacterial cell wall and facilitating the rapid removal of microbials.

#### **REFERENCES**

- Glasser, S.W., et al. 1990. Structure and expression of the pulmonary surfactant protein SP-C gene in the mouse. J. Biol. Chem. 265: 21986-21991.
- 2. Hawgood, S. and Shiffer, K. 1991. Structures and properties of the surfactant-associated proteins. Annu. Rev. Physiol. 53: 375-394.
- Johansson, J., et al. 1992. Human surfactant poly-peptide SP-B. Disulfide bridges, C-terminal end and peptide analysis of the airway form. FEBS Lett. 301: 165-167.
- Crouch, E., et al. 1993. Genomic organization of human surfactant protein-D (SP-D). SP-D is encoded on chromosome 10q22.2-23.1. J. Biol. Chem. 268: 2976-2983.

## **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: SFTPB (human) mapping to 2p11.2; Sftpb (mouse) mapping to 6 C1.

#### **SOURCE**

SP-B (1B9) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length SP-B of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG $_{2a}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

SP-B (1B9) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-53137 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-53137 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-53137 PE), fluorescein (sc-53137 FITC), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-53137 AF488), Alexa Fluor® 546 (sc-53137 AF546), Alexa Fluor® 594 (sc-53137 AF594) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-53137 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor® 680 (sc-53137 AF680) or Alexa Fluor® 790 (sc-53137 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

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#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **APPLICATIONS**

SP-B (1B9) is recommended for detection of SP-B of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for SP-B siRNA (h): sc-36537, SP-B siRNA (m): sc-36538, SP-B shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36537-SH, SP-B shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36538-SH, SP-B shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36537-V and SP-B shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36538-V.

Molecular Weight of SP-B precursor: 43 kDa.

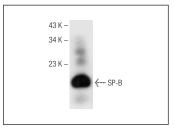
Molecular Weight of mature SP-B: 9 kDa.

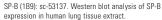
Positive Controls: Raji whole cell lysate: sc-364236, human lung extract: sc-363767 or mouse lung extract: sc-2390.

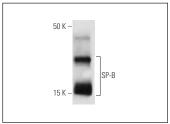
## **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

## DATA







SP-B (1B9): sc-53137. Western blot analysis of SP-B expression (oligomers) in human lavage fluid. Data kindly provided by the Whitsett laboratory, Cincinnati Children's Hospital Medical Center.

## **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Nguyen, L.A., et al. 2005. Physical and functional link of the leukemiaassociated factors AML1 and PML. Blood 105: 292-300.
- Ohlmeier, S., et al. 2008. Proteomics of human lung tissue identifies surfactant protein A as a marker of chronic obstructive pulmonary disease.
  J. Proteome Res. 7: 5125-5132.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.