HLA-DRβ (TAL 14.1): sc-53316



The Boures to Overtion

BACKGROUND

Major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class II molecules destined for presentation to CD4+ helper T cells is determined by two key events. These events include the dissociation of class II-associated invariant chain peptides (CLIP) from an antigen binding groove in MHC II- α/β dimers through the activity of MHC molecules HLA-DM and -DO, and subsequent peptide antigen binding. Accumulating in endosomal/lysosomal compartments and on the surface of B cells, HLA-DM, -DO molecules regulate the dissociation of CLIP and the subsequent binding of exogenous peptides to HLA class II molecules (HLA-DR, -DQ and -DP) by sustaining a conformation that favors peptide exchange. RFLP analysis of HLA-DM genes from rheumatoid arthritis (RA) patients suggests that certain polymorphisms are genetic factors for RA susceptibility. HLA-B belongs to the HLA class I heavy chain paralogs. Class I molecules play a central role in the immune system by presenting peptides derived from the endoplasmic reticulum lumen. HLA-B and -C can form heterodimers consisting of a membrane-anchored heavy chain and a light chain (β-2-Microglobulin). Polymorphisms yield hundreds of HLA-B and -C alleles.

REFERENCES

- Horejsi, V., et al. 1986. Characterization of seven new monoclonal antibodies against human DR, DR + DP and DQ1 + DQ3 antigens. Tissue Antigens 28: 288-297.
- 2. Horejsi, V., et al. 1986. Monoclonal antibodies against human leucocyte antigens. I. Antibodies against β -2-Microglobulin, immunoglobulin κ light chains, HLA-DR-like antigens, T8 antigen, T1 antigen, a monocyte antigen, and a pan-leucocyte antigen. Folia Biol. 32: 12-25.
- Kropshofer, H., et al. 1998. A role for HLA-DO as a co-chaperone of HLA-DM in peptide loading of MHC class II molecules. EMBO J. 17: 2971-2981.
- 4. Siegmund, T., et al. 1999. HLA-DMA and HLA-DMB alleles in German patients with type 1 diabetes mellitus. Tissue Antigens 54: 291-294.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HLA-DRB1 (human) mapping to 6p21.32.

SOURCE

HLA-DR β (TAL 14.1) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against HLA-DR β of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 $\mu g \; lgG_{2a}$ kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

HLA-DR β (TAL 14.1) is available conjugated to either phycoerythrin (sc-53316 PE) or fluorescein (sc-53316 FITC), 200 μ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

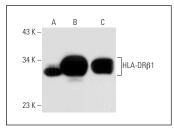
APPLICATIONS

HLA-DR β (TAL 14.1) is recommended for detection of HLA-DR β of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

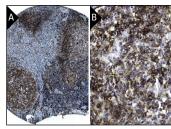
Molecular Weight of HLA-DRβ: 30 kDa.

Positive Controls: HLA-DRβ (h3): 293T Lysate: sc-115102, NAMALWA cell lysate: sc-2234 or BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207.

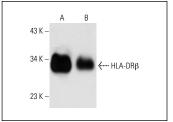
DATA



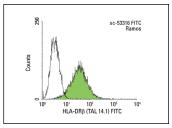
HLA-DRβ (TAL 14.1): sc-53316. Western blot analysis of HLA-DRβ1 expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (**A**), human HLA-DRβ1 transfected 293T: sc-115102 (**B**) and BJAB (**C**) whole cell Iysates.



HLA-DRβ (TAL 14.1): sc-53316. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human tonsil tissue showing cytoplasmic and membrane staining of follicle and non-follicle cells at low ($\bf A$) and high ($\bf B$) magnification. Kindly provided by The Swedish Human Protein Atlas (HPA) program.



HLA-DRβ (TAL 14.1): sc-53316. Western blot analysis of HLA-DRβ expression in BJAB (**A**) and JM1 (**B**)



HLA-DRβ (TAL 14.1) FITC: sc-53316 FITC. FCM analysis of Ramos cells. Black line histogram represents the isotype control, normal mouse $\lg G_{2a}$ -FITC: sc-2856.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Kaushansky, N., et al. 2015. Role of a novel human leukocyte antigen-DQA1*01:02;DRB1*15:01 mixed isotype heterodimer in the pathogenesis of Humanized multiple sclerosis-like disease. J. Biol. Chem. 290: 15260-15278.
- Grabowska, K., et al. 2020. Alphaherpesvirus gB homologs are targeted to extracellular vesicles, but they differentially affect MHC class II molecules. Viruses 12 pii: E429.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.