SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Eps15 (C-20): sc-534



BACKGROUND

Elucidation of the mechanism by which receptor tyrosine kinases (RTKs) modulate cellular physiology in response to stimuli is critical to the understanding of growth regulation. Miscues in RTK signaling pathways can result in cellular transformation and ultimately in cancer. Two novel EGF receptor substrates designated EGF-receptor pathway substrates 8 and 15, or Eps8 and Eps15, have been described. Eps8 and Eps15 are proteins, respectively, that become tyrosine phosphorylated subsequent to EGF stimulation. Overexpression of Eps15 in NIH/3T3 cells causes cellular transformation, implying involvement in the regulation of cell proliferation. Eps15 is capable of binding the amino terminal portion of Crk via a conserved proline-rich domain, characteristic of all Crk binding proteins. Overexpression of Eps8 in both fibroblasts and hematopoietic cells results in an increased mitogenic response to EGF. Eps8 has been shown to associate with the EGF receptor despite its lack of a functional SH2 domain. Further characterization suggests the protein has both a PH domain and a SH3 domain, the functional significance of which is not yet known.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: EPS15 (human) mapping to 1p32.3; Eps15 (mouse) mapping to 4 C7.

SOURCE

Eps15 (C-20) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of Eps15 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-534 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Eps15 (C-20) is recommended for detection of Eps15 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Eps15 (C-20) is also recommended for detection of Eps15 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for Eps15 siRNA (h): sc-35321, Eps15 siRNA (m): sc-35322, Eps15 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35321-SH, Eps15 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35322-SH, Eps15 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35321-V and Eps15 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35322-V.

Molecular Weight of Eps15: 142 kDa.

Positive Controls: Eps15 (m): 293T Lysate: sc-125305, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

DATA





Eps15 (C-20): sc-534. Western blot analysis of Eps15 expression in non-transfected 2931: sc-117752 (**A**), mouse Eps15 transfected 2931: sc-125305 (**B**) and NIH/313 (**C**) whole cell lysates. Eps15 (C-20): sc-534. Western blot analysis of human recombinant Eps15 fusion protein.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Lohi, O., et al. 1998. EAST, an epidermal growth factor receptor-and Eps15associated protein with Src homology 3 and tyrosine-based activation motif domains. J. Biol. Chem. 273: 21408-21415.
- McGavin, M.K., et al. 2001. The intersectin 2 adaptor links Wiskott Aldrich Syndrome protein (WASp)-mediated actin polymerization to T cell antigen receptor endocytosis. J. Exp. Med. 194: 1777-1778.
- Meyer, T., et al. 2002. Cell type-specific and tyrosine phosophorylation independent nuclear presence of Stat1 and Stat3. Exp. Cell Res. 272: 45-55.
- Meyer, T., et al. 2002. Constitutive and IFN-γ-induced nuclear import of Stat1 proceed through independent pathways. EMBO J. 21: 344-354.
- 5. Fallon, L., et al. 2006. A regulated interaction with the UIM protein Eps15 implicates parkin in EGF receptor trafficking and PI(3)K–Akt signalling. Nat. Cell Biol. 8: 834-842.
- Chen, C., et al. 2008. Epsin 1 is a cargo-specific adaptor for the clathrinmediated endocytosis of the influenza virus. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 105: 11790-11795.
- Molfetta, R., et al. 2009. Lipid raft-dependent FccRI ubiquitination regulates receptor endocytosis through the action of ubiquitin binding adaptors. PLoS ONE 4: e5604.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

MONOS Satisfation Guaranteed

Try **Eps15 (E-3): sc-390259** or **Eps15 (G-3): sc-374578**, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to Eps15 (C-20).