



IgG₁ (RMG1-1): sc-53757

BACKGROUND

IgG is a monomeric immunoglobulin composed of two heavy chains and two light chains. There are four subclasses of IgG: IgG₁, IgG₂, IgG₃ and IgG₄. Each molecule has two antigen binding sites. IgG is the most abundant immunoglobulin as well as the only isotype that can pass through the placenta, thereby providing protection to the fetus in its first weeks of life before its own immune system has developed. IgG can bind to several different kinds of pathogens, for example viruses, bacteria and fungi, and it protects the body against them by complement activation (the classic pathway), opsonization for phagocytosis and neutralization of their toxins.

REFERENCES

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STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

SOURCE

IgG₁ (RMG1-1) is a rat monoclonal antibody raised against IgGs and IgM, IgE, IgA cocktail of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG₁ in 1.0 mL PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

IgG₁ (RMG1-1) is recommended for detection of IgG₁ of mouse origin by flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1×10^6 cells); non cross-reactive with other isotypes.