

# StARD10 (D-18): sc-54336

## BACKGROUND

The StARD (steroidogenic acute regulatory protein-related lipid transfer (START) domain containing) family of proteins is comprised of fifteen different members. All members contain the characteristic START domain and are believed to play key roles in the metabolism and transport of lipids. The StARD proteins are grouped into six subfamilies based on their START domain sequences. PC-TP (StARD2), StARD7, StARD10 and GPBP (StARD11) constitute one subfamily, namely the StARD2/PC-TP group. StARD10, also known as PC-TP2, PC-TPL, NY-CO-28, CGI-52 or SDCCAG28, is widely expressed and functions in phospholipid transfer, binding to phosphatidylcholine and phosphatidylethanolamine. StARD10 can be found in sperm flagellum, potentially functioning as an enzyme involved in energy metabolism, and its expression is developmentally regulated in testis and mammary glands. StARD10 activity can be inhibited via phosphorylation by casein kinase II.

## REFERENCES

- Olayioye, M.A., et al. 2004. The phosphoprotein StARD10 is overexpressed in breast cancer and cooperates with ErbB receptors in cellular transformation. *Cancer Res.* 64: 3538-3544.
- Alpy, F., et al. 2005. Give lipids a START: the StAR-related lipid transfer (START) domain in mammals. *J. Cell Sci.* 118: 2791-2801.
- Soccio, R.E., et al. 2005. Differential gene regulation of StARD4 and StARD5 cholesterol transfer proteins. Activation of StARD4 by sterol regulatory element-binding protein-2 and StARD5 by endoplasmic reticulum stress. *J. Biol. Chem.* 280: 19410-19418.
- Olayioye, M.A., et al. 2005. StARD10, a START domain protein overexpressed in breast cancer, functions as a phospholipid transfer protein. *J. Biol. Chem.* 280: 27436-27442.
- Rodriguez-Agudo, D., et al. 2005. Human StARD5, a cytosolic StAR-related lipid binding protein. *J. Lipid Res.* 46: 1615-1623.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: STARD10 (human) mapping to 11q13.4; Stard10 (mouse) mapping to 7 E3.

## SOURCE

StARD10 (D-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of StARD10 of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-54336 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

StARD10 (D-18) is recommended for detection of StARD10 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

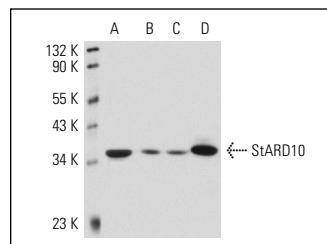
StARD10 (D-18) is also recommended for detection of StARD10 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for StARD10 siRNA (h): sc-106575, StARD10 siRNA (m): sc-153879, StARD10 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-106575-SH, StARD10 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-153879-SH, StARD10 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-106575-V and StARD10 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-153879-V.

Molecular Weight of StARD10: 35 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse liver extract: sc-2256, SK-BR-3 cell lysate: sc-2218 or T-47D cell lysate: sc-2293.

## DATA



StARD10 (D-18): sc-54336. Western blot analysis of StARD10 expression in SK-BR-3 (A), T-47D (B) and MDA-MB-468 (C) whole cell lysates and mouse liver tissue extract (D).

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **StARD10 (C-11): sc-365580** or **StARD10 (F-10): sc-514708**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to StARD10 (D-18).