NGF (M-20): sc-549



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Neurotrophins function to regulate naturally occurring cell death of neurons during development. The prototype neurotrophin is nerve growth factor (NGF), originally discovered in the 1950s as a soluble peptide promoting the survival of, and neurite outgrowth from, sympathetic ganglia. Three additional structurally homologous neurotrophic factors have been identified. These include brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF), neurotrophin-3 (NT-3) and neurotrophin-4 (NT-4) (also designated NT-5). These various neurotrophins stimulate the *in vitro* survival of distinct, but partially overlapping, populations of neurons. The cell surface receptors through which neurotrophins mediate their activity have been identified. For instance, the Trk A receptor is the preferential receptor for NGF, but also binds NT-3 and NT-4. The Trk B receptor binds both BDNF and NT-4 equally well, and binds NT-3 to a lesser extent, while the Trk C receptor only binds NT-3.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NGF (human) mapping to 1p13.2; Ngf (mouse) mapping to 3 F2.2.

SOURCE

NGF (M-20) is an affinity purified rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of NGF mature chain of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-549 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

NGF (M-20) is recommended for detection of NGF of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

NGF (M-20) is also recommended for detection of NGF in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for NGF siRNA (h): sc-43970, NGF siRNA (m): sc-45783, NGF shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-43970-SH, NGF shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45783-SH, NGF shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-43970-V and NGF shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45783-V.

Molecular Weight of mature NGF: 13 kDa.

Molecular Weight of NGF precursor: 27 kDa.

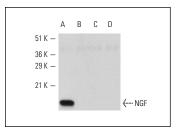
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

DATA



NGF (M-20): sc-549. Western blot analysis of 10 ng each of NGF (**A**), BDNF (**B**), NT-3 (**C**) and NT-4 (**D**) purified proteins

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Labie, C., et al. 1999. Effect of the neuroprotective compound SR57746A on nerve growth factor synthesis in cultured astrocytes from neonatal rat cortex. Br. J. Pharmacol. 127: 139-144.
- Loudes, C., et al. 1999. Distinct populations of hypothalamic dopaminergic neurons exhibit differential responses to brain-derived neurotrophic factor (BDNF) and neurotrophin-3 (NT3). Eur. J. Neurosci. 11: 617-624.
- Calinescu, A.A., et al. 2011. Transsynaptic activity-dependent regulation of axon branching and neurotrophin expression in vivo. J. Neurosci. 31: 12708-12715.
- Esposito, E., et al. 2011. Effects of palmitoylethanolamide on release of mast cell peptidases and neurotrophic factors after spinal cord injury. Brain Behav. Immun. 25: 1099-1112.
- 5. Autio, H., et al. 2011. Acetylcholinesterase inhibitors rapidly activate Trk neurotrophin receptors in the mouse hippocampus. Neuropharmacology 61: 1291-1296.
- Kato, T., et al. 2011. Thymus and activation-regulated chemokine (TARC)/ CC chemokine ligand (CCL) 17 accelerates wound healing by enhancing fibroblast migration. Exp. Dermatol. 20: 669-674.
- Shu, Y., et al. 2011. Neuroprotection by ulinastatin in experimental autoimmune encephalomyelitis. Neurochem. Res. 36: 1969-1977.
- 8. Chae, C.H., et al. 2011. Treadmill exercise suppresses muscle cell apoptosis by increasing nerve growth factor levels and stimulating p-phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase activation in the soleus of diabetic rats. J. Physiol. Biochem. 67: 235-241.



Try **NGF (E-12):** sc-365944 or **NGF (NGF30):** sc-32300, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to NGF (M-20). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor[®] 488 and Alexa Fluor[®] 647 conjugates, see **NGF (E-12):** sc-365944.