

# CaMKII $\alpha$ (B-2): sc-55508

## BACKGROUND

The Ca<sup>2+</sup>/calmodulin-dependent protein kinases (CaM kinases) comprise a structurally related subfamily of serine/threonine kinases which include CaMKI, CaMKII and CaMKIV. CaMKII is an ubiquitously expressed serine/threonine protein kinase that is activated by Ca<sup>2+</sup> and calmodulin (CaM) and has been implicated in regulation of the cell cycle and transcription. There are four CaMKII isozymes, designated  $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$ ,  $\gamma$  and  $\delta$ , which may or may not be co-expressed in the same tissue type. CaMKIV is stimulated by Ca<sup>2+</sup> and CaM but also requires phosphorylation by a CaMK for full activation. Stimulation of the T cell receptor CD3 signaling complex with an anti-CD3 monoclonal antibody leads to a 10-40-fold increase in CaMKIV activity. An additional kinase, CaMKK, functions to activate CaMKI through the specific phosphorylation of the regulatory threonine residue at position 177.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CAMK2A (human) mapping to 5q32; Camk2a (mouse) mapping to 18 E1.

## SOURCE

CaMKII $\alpha$  (B-2) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 303-478 of CaMKII $\alpha$  of mouse origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>3</sub> kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## APPLICATIONS

CaMKII $\alpha$  (B-2) is recommended for detection of CaMKII $\alpha$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

CaMKII $\alpha$  (B-2) is also recommended for detection of CaMKII $\alpha$  in additional species, including bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for CaMKII $\alpha$  siRNA (h): sc-29900, CaMKII $\alpha$  siRNA (m): sc-29901, CaMKII $\alpha$  siRNA (r): sc-156070, CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29900-SH, CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-29901-SH, CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (r): sc-156070-SH, CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29900-V, CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29901-V and CaMKII $\alpha$  shRNA (r) Lentiviral Particles: sc-156070-V.

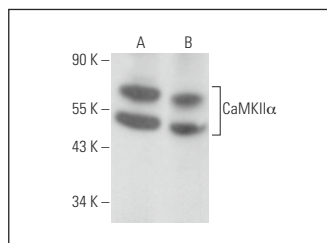
Molecular Weight of CaMKII $\alpha$ : 50 kDa.

Positive Controls: mouse brain extract: sc-2253, rat brain extract: sc-2392 or rat hippocampus tissue extract.

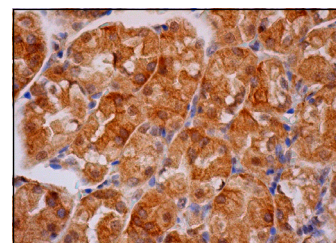
## RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

## DATA



CaMKII $\alpha$  (B-2): sc-55508. Western blot analysis of CaMKII $\alpha$  expression in mouse brain (A) and rat hippocampus (B) tissue extracts.



CaMKII $\alpha$  (B-2): sc-55508. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human upper stomach tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Haidar, M., et al. 2015. Transforming growth factor  $\beta$ 2 promotes transcription of COX2 and EP4, leading to a prostaglandin E2-driven autostimulatory loop that enhances virulence of *Theileria annulata*-transformed macrophages. *Infect. Immun.* 83: 1869-1880.
2. Song, Y., et al. 2019. Inhibition of LPS-induced brain injury by NR2B antagonists through reducing assembly of NR2B-CaMKII-PSD95 signal module. *Immunopharmacol. Immunotoxicol.* 3: 1-9.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.



See **CaMKII (G-1): sc-5306** for CaMKII antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor® 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.