

eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7): sc-55558

The Power to Question

## BACKGROUND

The initiation of protein synthesis in eukaryotic cells is regulated by interactions between protein initiation factors and RNA molecules. The eukaryotic initiation complex eIF2B exists as a five subunit complex composed of eIF2B $\alpha$ , eIF2B $\beta$ , eIF2B $\gamma$ , eIF2B $\delta$  and eIF2B $\epsilon$ . The eIF2B complex catalyzes the exchange of GDP for GTP on the eIF2 complex, following the interaction of eIF2/GTP with the 40S ribosomal subunit. Guanine nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) activity has been exhibited by the eIF2B $\epsilon$  subunit alone, but was greater in the presence of all five eIF2B subunits. Phosphorylation of eIF2 inhibits GEF activity of eIF2B, an inhibition that requires the eIF2B $\alpha$  subunit.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: EIF2B5 (human) mapping to 3q27.1; Eif2b5 (mouse) mapping to 16 A3.

## SOURCE

eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against amino acids 422-711 mapping near the C-terminus of eIF2B $\epsilon$  of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG $_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-55558 AC), 500  $\mu$ g/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-55558 HRP), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-55558 PE), fluorescein (sc-55558 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-55558 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-55558 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-55558 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-55558 AF647), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-55558 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-55558 AF790), 200  $\mu$ g/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

## APPLICATIONS

eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7) is recommended for detection of eIF2B $\epsilon$  of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:100, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for eIF2B $\epsilon$  siRNA (h): sc-35278, eIF2B $\epsilon$  siRNA (m): sc-35279, eIF2B $\epsilon$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35278-SH, eIF2B $\epsilon$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35279-SH, eIF2B $\epsilon$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35278-V and eIF2B $\epsilon$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35279-V.

Molecular Weight of eIF2B $\epsilon$ : 90 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204, NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210 or K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203.

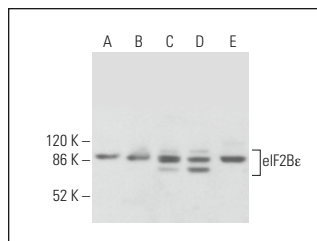
## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

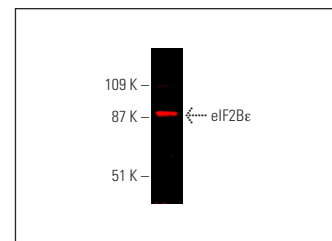
## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## DATA



eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7): sc-55558. Western blot analysis of eIF2B $\epsilon$  expression in NIH/3T3 (A), HeLa (B), K-562 (C), Jurkat (D) and HT-29 (E) whole cell lysates. Detection reagent used: m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102.



eIF2B $\epsilon$  (B-7): sc-55558. Near-infrared western blot analysis of eIF2B $\epsilon$  expression in HT-29 whole cell lysate. Blocked with UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214. Detection reagent used: m-IgG $\kappa$  BP-CFL 790: sc-516181.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Rojas, M., et al. 2010. Protein kinase R is responsible for the phosphorylation of eIF2 $\alpha$  in rotavirus infection. *J. Virol.* 84: 10457-10466.
- Woo, C.W., et al. 2012. Toll-like receptor activation suppresses ER stress factor CHOP and translation inhibition through activation of eIF2B. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 14: 192-200.
- Sidrauski, C., et al. 2013. Pharmacological brake-release of mRNA translation enhances cognitive memory. *Elife* 2: e00498.
- Palmesino, E., et al. 2016. Association of eukaryotic translation initiation factor eIF2B with fully solubilized CXCR4. *J. Leukoc. Biol.* 99: 971-978.
- Cai, E.Y., et al. 2020. Selective translation of cell fate regulators mediates tolerance to broad oncogenic stress. *Cell Stem Cell* 27: 270-283.
- Wuerth, J.D., et al. 2020. eIF2B as a target for viral evasion of PKR-mediated translation inhibition. *mBio* 11: e00976-20.
- Boone, M., et al. 2022. A point mutation in the nucleotide exchange factor eIF2B constitutively activates the integrated stress response by allosteric modulation. *Elife* 11: e76171.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.

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