# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# PTPμ (2C10): sc-56957



# BACKGROUND

Protein tyrosine phosphatases, or PTPs, are type I transmembrane proteins, membrane associated proteins or proteins localized in nuclei. Examples of transmembrane PTPs are LAR, PTP $\alpha$ , PTP $\beta$ , PTP $\gamma$ , PTP $\delta$ , PTP $\epsilon$ , PTP $\zeta$ , PTP $\kappa$ and PTPµ. Transmembrane PTPs play diverse roles during development and in adult tissues. Immunodepletion studies have suggested LAR to be a regulator of Insulin receptor phosphorylation. PTP $\alpha$  activity is increased twofold in response to phorbol ester stimulation, resulting in serine phosphorylation either directly or indirectly by members of the PKC family. Overexpression of v-H-Ras and Neu, but not Myc or Int2, in mammary tumors has been shown to induce  $PTP_{\varepsilon}$  expression. An alternative splicing event leads to a nervous tissue-specific chondroitin sulfate proteoglycan called phosphacan, which represents the amino-terminal portion of PTP $\zeta$ . PTP $\kappa$  and PTP $\mu$  share a conserved amino-terminal 160 amino acid MAM domain which facilitates homophilic binding. PTPµ localizes to points of cell contact and may be involved in regulating the assembly and disassembly of cadherin/catenin complexes in vivo.

# REFERENCES

- Ahmad, F., et al. 1995. Increased abundance of the receptor-type proteintyrosine phosphatase LAR accounts for the elevated Insulin receptor dephosphorylating activity in adipose tissue of obese human subjects. J. Clin. Invest. 95: 2806-2812.
- 2. den Hertog, J., et al. 1995. Stimulation of receptor protein-tyrosine phosphatase  $\alpha$  activity and phosphorylation by phorbol ester. Cell Growth Differ. 6: 303-307.
- Brady-Kalnay, S.M., et al. 1995. Receptor protein tyrosine phosphatase PTPµ associates with cadherins and catenins *in vivo*. J. Cell Biol. 130: 977-986.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PTPRM (human) mapping to 18p11.23; Ptprm (mouse) mapping to 17 E1.1.

# SOURCE

 $\text{PTP}\mu$  (2C10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against the extracellular domain of  $\text{PTP}\mu$  of human origin.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g\, lgG_{2b}$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

PTPμ (2C10) is available conjugated to agarose (sc-56957 AC), 500 μg/0.25 ml agarose in 1 ml, for IP; to HRP (sc-56957 HRP), 200 μg/ml, for WB, IHC(P) and ELISA; to either phycoerythrin (sc-56957 PE), fluorescein (sc-56957 FITC), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 (sc-56957 AF488), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 546 (sc-56957 AF546), Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 594 (sc-56957 AF594) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 (sc-56957 AF647), 200 μg/ml, for WB (RGB), IF, IHC(P) and FCM; and to either Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 680 (sc-56957 AF680) or Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 790 (sc-56957 AF790), 200 μg/ml, for Near-Infrared (NIR) WB, IF and FCM.

Alexa Fluor® is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA

#### **APPLICATIONS**

PTP $\mu$  (2C10) is recommended for detection of PTP $\mu$  of mouse, rat, human and mink origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and flow cytometry (1 µg per 1 x 10<sup>6</sup> cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for PTP $\mu$  siRNA (h): sc-44055, PTP $\mu$  siRNA (m): sc-45947, PTP $\mu$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44055-SH, PTP $\mu$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45947-SH, PTP $\mu$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44055-V and PTP $\mu$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45947-V.

Molecular Weight of PTPµ precursor: 200 kDa.

Molecular Weight of PTPµ subunits: 100 kDa.

Positive Controls: NIH/3T3 whole cell lysate: sc-2210, Mv 1 Lu cell lysate: sc-3810 or RAT2 whole cell lysate: sc-364198.

#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-IgGκ BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-IgGκ BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz<sup>®</sup> Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

#### DATA





 $\text{PTP}\mu$  (2C10): sc-56957. Western blot analysis of  $\text{PTP}\mu$  expression in T98G (A), Caki-1 (B), NIH/3T3 (C), Sol8 (D), C6 (E) and H19-7/IGF-IR (F) whole cell lysates.

 $\text{PTP}\mu$  (2C10): sc-56957. Western blot analysis of  $\text{PTP}\mu$  expression in Mv 1 Lu (A) and RAT2 (B) whole cell lysates

# SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Chattopadhyay, R., et al. 2017. Resolvin D1 via prevention of Ros-mediated SHP2 inactivation protects endothelial adherens junction integrity and barrier function. Redox Biol. 12: 438-455.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.