SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

IFN-β (B-02): sc-57203



BACKGROUND

The genes encoding type I interferons (IFNs), which include 14 IFN- α genes, one IFN- β gene, one IFN- ω (also known as IFN- α II1) gene and a number of IFN- ω pseudogenes, are clustered on human chromosome 9. IFN- α and - β are cytokines that are widely known to induce potent antiviral activity. They exert a variety of other biological effects, including antitumor and immuno-modulatory activities, and are increasingly used clinically to treat a range of malignancies, myelodysplasias and autoimmune diseases. IFN- ω is antigenically different from human IFN- α , IFN- β or IFN- γ , but is a component of natural mixtures of IFN species produced by virus-induced leukocytes or Burkitt's lymphoma cells. The type I interferon receptor (IFN- α R) interacts with IFN- α , IFN- β and IFN- ω , and seems to be a multisubunit receptor.

REFERENCES

- 1. Adolf, G.R. 1987. Antigenic structure of human interferon- ω 1 (interferon α II1): comparison with other human interferons. J. Gen. Virol. 68: 1669-1676.
- 2. Lim, J.K., et al. 1994. Intrinsic ligand binding properties of the human and bovine α -interferon receptors. FEBS Lett. 350: 281-286.
- Hussain, M., et al. 1996. Identification of interferon-α 7, -α 14, and -α 21 variants in the genome of a large human population. J. Interferon Cytokine Res. 16: 853-859.
- Mire-Sluis, A.R., et al. 1996. An anti-cytokine bioactivity assay for interferons -α, -β and -ω. J. Immunol. Methods 195: 55-61.
- Cutrone, E.C., et al. 1997. Contributions of cloned type I interferon receptor subunits to differential ligand binding. FEBS Lett. 404: 197-202.
- Vannucchi, S., et al. 2005. TRAIL is a key target in S-phase slowing-dependent apoptosis induced by interferon-β in cervical carcinoma cells. Oncogene 24: 2536-2546.
- 7. Siren, J., et al. 2005. IFN- α regulates TLR-dependent gene expression of IFN- α , IFN- β , IL-28, and IL-29. J. Immunol. 174: 1932-1937.
- Molnarfi, N., et al. 2005. The production of IL-1 receptor antagonist in IFN-βstimulated human monocytes depends on the activation of phosphatidylinositol 3-kinase but not of Stat1. J. Immunol. 174: 2974-2980.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IFNB1 (human) mapping to 9p21.3.

SOURCE

IFN- β (B-02) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against IFN- β of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g~lgG_1$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

IFN- β (B-02) is recommended for detection of IFN- β of human origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with IFN- α or γ .

Suitable for use as control antibody for IFN- β siRNA (h): sc-39603, IFN- β shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39603-SH and IFN- β shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39603-V.

Molecular Weight of IFN-B: 20 kDa.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.