## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# HSV-2 gB (1.B.44): sc-57857



### BACKGROUND

Membrane fusion is crucial for the entry, spread and formation of enveloped viruses, such as herpes simplex virus, and is mediated by envelope glycoproteins. Two serotypes of the herpes simplex virus, HSV-1 (also known as type 1 or oral) and HSV-2 (type 2 or genital), have been shown to encode at least ten glycoproteins, four of which are necessary and sufficient to facilitate fusion. These four glycoproteins include glycoprotein B (gB), glycoprotein D (gD), glycoprotein H (gH) and glycoprotein L (gL). The fusion event is dependent upon the expression of a gD receptor on target cell membranes and does not require the presence of cell-surface glycosaminoglycans. Glycoprotein B is essential for viral growth, as gB-free virions are able to bind cells but not to synthesize virus-specific proteins upon infection. HSV-1 and HSV-2 gB exist as a homodimer which may be linked by disulfide bonds. HSV-1 gB is a 904 amino acid protein with an extracellular domain consisting of amino acids 31-730 and a cytoplasmic domain consisting of amino acids 796-904. HSV-2 gB is a protein also containing 904 amino acids with amino acids 23-727 making up the extracellular domain and amino acids 793-904 making up the cytoplasmic domain.

#### REFERENCES

- Cai, W.H., Gu, B. and Person, S. 1988. Role of glycoprotein B of herpes simplex virus type 1 in viral entry and cell fusion. J. Virol. 62: 2596-2604.
- Slomka, M.J. 1996. Seroepidemiology and control of genital herpes: the value of type specific antibodies to herpes simplex virus. Commun. Dis. Rep. CDR Rev. 6: R41-R45.
- Turner, A., Bruun, B., Minson, T. and Browne, H. 1998. Glycoproteins gB, gD, and gHgL of herpes simplex virus type 1 are necessary and sufficient to mediate membrane fusion in a COS cell transfection system. J. Virol. 72: 873-875.
- 4. Muggeridge, M.I. 2000. Characterization of cell-cell fusion mediated by herpes simplex virus 2 glycoproteins gB, gD, gH and gL in transfected cells. J. Gen. Virol. 81: 2017-2027.
- Rodger, G., Boname, J., Bell, S. and Minson, T. 2001. Assembly and organization of glycoproteins B, C, D, and H in herpes simplex virus type 1 particles lacking individual glycoproteins: No evidence for the formation of a complex of these molecules. J. Virol. 75: 710-716.
- Browne, H., Bruun, B. and Minson, T. 2001. Plasma membrane requirements for cell fusion induced by herpes simplex virus type 1 glycoproteins gB, gD, gH and gL. J. Gen. Virol. 82: 1419-1422.

#### SOURCE

HSV-2 gB (1.B.44) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against HSV-2 gB.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g~lgG_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### APPLICATIONS

HSV-2 gB (1.B.44) is recommended for detection of glycoprotein B of Herpes Simplex Virus 2 origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Molecular Weight of HSV-2 gB: 113 kDa.

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

 Steukers, L., Weyers, S., Yang, X., Vandekerckhove, A.P., Glorieux, S., Cornelissen, M., Van den Broeck, W., Temmerman, M. and Nauwynck, H.J. 2014. Mimicking herpes simplex virus 1 and herpes simplex virus 2 mucosal behavior in a well-characterized human genital organ culture. J. Infect. Dis. E-published.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.