

# HTLV-2 gp46 (73/4.9.8): sc-57874

## BACKGROUND

Human T-lymphotropic virus (HTLV) is a single-stranded RNA retrovirus that causes T-cell leukemia and T-cell lymphoma in human adults and may be involved in a few demyelinating diseases. HTLV-1 is a member of the HTLV family that is associated with several kinds of diseases including HTLV-1-associated myelopathy, infection with *Strongyloides stercoralis* and a virus cancer link to leukemia. HTLV-2 shares approximately 70% genomic homology with HTLV-1 and is associated with several cases of myelopathy/tropical spastic paraparesis (HAM/TSP)-like neurological disease. HTLV-2 gp46 is a surface glycoprotein located on the viral envelope that is important in the immuno-response of the host to the virus. HTLV-2 gp46 interacts with heat shock cognate protein (HSC 70) in a mechanism that may lead to pore formation in lipid bilayers to be followed by membrane fusion or cell death.

## REFERENCES

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## SOURCE

HTLV-2 gp46 (73/4.9.8) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against HTLV-2 gp46.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 µg IgG<sub>1</sub> in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

## APPLICATIONS

HTLV-2 gp46 (73/4.9.8) is recommended for detection of HTLV-2 gp46 of HTLV-2 origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500); may cross-react with the surface protein of HTLV-1.

Molecular Weight of HTLV-2 gp46: 45 kDa.

## STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.