# Mycoplasma hominis p120 (6507): sc-58172



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Mycoplasma compose a genus of small microorganisms resembling bacteria without cell walls. Many different species of Mycoplasma exist, all of which are aggressive invaders. Mycoplasmas are sometimes accidentally found in research laboratories caused by the reckless handling of cell cultures. Somewhat difficult to detect and eliminate from cell lines, these parasites are also immune to antibiotics that target cell wall synthesis. Numerous species of Mycoplasma proliferate in humans, but one of the most prevalent is Mycoplasma hominis. Mycoplasma species are organized into two groups based on 16S rRNA gene sequences, Mycoplasma hominis and Mycoplasma pneumoniae. The hominis group includes the M. bovis, M. pulmonis, and Mycoplasma hominis species. One of the most common pathogens of the genital tract, Mycoplasma hominis becomes pathogenic only upon invasion of the internal organs. Associated with increased production of proinflammatory cytokines in reproductive tissues during preterm labor, M. hominis also has capabilites as an extragenital pathogen in musculoskeletal infections.

# **REFERENCES**

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# SOURCE

Mycoplasma hominis p120 (6507) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against *Mycoplasma hominis*.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g\ lgG_1$  in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **APPLICATIONS**

Mycoplasma hominis p120 (6507) is recommended for detection of *Mycoplasma hominis* origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Molecular Weight of Mycoplasma hominis p120: 78 kDa.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

# **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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