# AChE (HYB 111-05): sc-58483



The Power to Question

#### **BACKGROUND**

Acetylcholinesterase (AChE) hydrolyzes acetylcholine at synaptic junctions. Alternative mRNA splicing gives rise to three forms of AChE. The T form, also known as the asymmetric form, is soluble and is present in synapses. The H form is also known as the globular form and is present on the outer surfaces of cell membranes. The R form is not known to be a functional species. AChE globular form subunits are GPI-anchored to cell membranes and asymmetric subunits are anchored to basal lamina components by a collagen tail. The catalytic subunits of AChE are oligomers composed of disulfide-linked homodimers. The loss of AChE from cholinergic and noncholinergic neurons in the brain is seen in patients with Alzheimer's disease. However, AChE activity is increased around amyloid plaques, which may be due to a disturbance in calcium homeostasis involving the opening of L-type voltage-dependent calcium channels.

# **REFERENCES**

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- Legay, C., Bon, S. and Massoulie, J. 1993. Expression of a cDNA encoding the glycolipid-anchored form of rat acetylcholinesterase. FEBS Lett. 315: 163-166.
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- Sberna, G., Saez-Valero, J., Beyreuther, K., Masters, C.L. and Small, D.H. 1997. The β-Amyloid protein of Alzheimer's disease increases acetylcholinesterase expression by increasing intracellular calcium in embryonal carcinoma P19 cells. J. Neurochem. 69: 1177-1184.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: ACHE (human) mapping to 7g22.

## **SOURCE**

AChE (HYB 111-05) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against purified full length AChE of human origin.

## **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 100  $\mu g \; lg G_1$  in 1.0 mL PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

AChE (HYB 111-05) is recommended for detection of AChE of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with human BtChE.

Suitable for use as control antibody for AChE siRNA (h): sc-29628.

Molecular Weight of AChE: 82 kDa.

Positive Controls: human T lymphocytes.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2005 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:32,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP: sc-2031 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgG-FITC: sc-2010 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgG-TR: sc-2781 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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