

MRE11 (T-15): sc-5858

BACKGROUND

Rad52 family members (Rad50, Rad51B/C/D, Rad52, Rad54 and MRE11) mediate DNA double-strand break repair (DSBR) for DNA damage that could otherwise cause cell death, mutation or neoplastic transformation. Rad51 (RECA, BRCC5) interacts with BRCA1 and BRCA2 to influence subcellular localization and cellular response to DNA damage. BRCA2 inactivation may be a key event leading to genomic instability and tumorigenesis from deregulation of Rad51. Rad52 forms a heptameric ring that binds single-stranded DNA ends and catalyzes DNA-DNA interaction necessary for the annealing of complementary strands. Rad52 can interact with Rad51. MRE11 (meiotic recombination 11, ATLD, HNGS1) is a nuclear 3'-5' exonuclease/endonuclease that associates with RAD50 and influences homologous recombination, telomere length maintenance, and DNA double-strand break repair. MRE11 is most abundant in proliferating tissues.

REFERENCES

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3. Lisby, M., et al. 2003. Colocalization of multiple DNA double-strand breaks at a single Rad52 repair centre. *Nat. Cell Biol.* 5: 572-577.
4. Sugawara, N., et al. 2003. *In vivo* roles of Rad52, Rad54, and Rad55 proteins in Rad51-mediated recombination. *Mol. Cell* 12: 209-219.
5. Miyazaki, T., et al. 2004. *In vivo* assembly and disassembly of Rad51 and Rad52 complexes during double-strand break repair. *EMBO J.* 23: 939-949.
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7. Bekker-Jensen, S., et al. 2006. Spatial organization of the mammalian genome surveillance machinery in response to DNA strand breaks. *J. Cell Biol.* 173: 195-206.
8. Wu, Y., et al. 2006. DNA annealing mediated by Rad52 and Rad59 proteins. *J. Biol. Chem.* 281: 15441-15449.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MRE11A (human) mapping to 11q21; Mre11a (mouse) mapping to 9 A2.

SOURCE

MRE11 (T-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of MRE11 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-5858 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

MRE11 (T-15) is recommended for detection of MRE11 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

MRE11 (T-15) is also recommended for detection of MRE11 in additional species, including canine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for MRE11 siRNA (h): sc-37395, MRE11 siRNA (m): sc-37396, MRE11 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37395-SH, MRE11 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37396-SH, MRE11 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37395-V and MRE11 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37396-V.

Molecular Weight of MRE11: 80 kDa.

Positive Controls: K-562 whole cell lysate: sc-2203, HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200 or Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **MRE11 (18): sc-135992**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternative to MRE11 (T-15).