SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

LAIR-1 (NKTA255): sc-59281



BACKGROUND

Leukocyte-associated lg-like receptor-1, known as LAIR-1, is a transmembrane glycoprotein that is constitutively expressed on the majority of human peripheral blood mononuclear leukocytes. LAIR-1 is phosphorylated at the Tyr 233 and Tyr 263 residues, and once activated, LAIR-1 recruits SHP-1, an SH2 domain-containing phosphatase. SHP-1 is highly expressed in hema-topoietic cells and functions as a negative regulator of cell signaling. SHP-1 also contributes to the establishment of TCR signaling thresholds in both developing and mature T lymphocytes. The binding of LAIR-1 to SHP-1 functions as a mechanism of regulating the role of SHP-1 in cell signaling. Occupancy of LAIR-1 on human myelomonocytic leukemic cell lines inhibits proliferation and leads to programmed cell death (PCD), and cross-linking of the LAIR-1 antigen on natural killer (NK) cells results in strong inhibition of NK cell-mediated cytotoxity. Protein kinases responsible for tyrosine phosphorylation of LAIR-1 may belong to the Src family since PP1, a Src family kinase inhibitor, significantly inhibits its phosphorylation.

REFERENCES

- 1. Meyaard, L., et al. 1997. LAIR-1, a novel inhibitory receptor expressed on human mononuclear leukocytes. Immunity 7: 283-290.
- Poggi, A., et al. 2000. Engagement of the leukocyte-associated Ig-like receptor-1 induces programmed cell death and prevents NFκB nuclear translocation in human myeloid leukemias. Eur. J. Immunol. 30: 2751-2758.
- Xu, M., et al. 2000. Identification and characterization of leukocyteassociated lg-like receptor-1 as a major anchor protein of tyrosine phosphatase SHP-1 in hematopoietic cells. J. Biol. Chem. 275: 17440-17446.
- 4. Fournier, N., et al. 2000. FDF03, a novel inhibitor receptor of the immunoglobulin superfamily, is expressed by human dendritic and myeloid cells. J. Immunol. 165: 1197-1209.
- Sathish, J., et al. 2001. Constitutive association of SHP-1 with leukocyteassociated lg-like receptor-1 in human T cells. J. Immunol. 166: 1763-1770.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: LAIR1 (human) mapping to 19q13.42.

SOURCE

LAIR-1 (NKTA255) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against LAIR-1 from natural killer cell lines B12.100 and AM.25 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g~lgG_1$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

LAIR-1 (NKTA255) is available conjugated fluorescein (sc-59281 FITC, 200 μ g/ml), for IF, IHC(P) and FCM.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

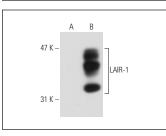
LAIR-1 (NKTA255) is recommended for detection of LAIR-1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for LAIR-1 siRNA (h): sc-72118, LAIR-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-72118-SH and LAIR-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-72118-V.

Molecular Weight of LAIR-1: 42 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204, LAIR-1 (h): 293T Lysate: sc-114216 or HuT 78 whole cell lysate: sc-2208.

DATA



LAIR-1 (NKTA255): sc-59281. Western blot analysis of LAIR-1 expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human LAIR-1 transfected: sc-114216 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Abbonante, V., et al. 2013. Discoidin domain receptor 1 protein is a novel modulator of megakaryocyte-collagen interactions. J. Biol. Chem. 288: 16738-16746.
- Vivanco Gonzalez, N., et al. 2022. An optimized protocol for phenotyping human granulocytes by mass cytometry. STAR Protoc. 3: 101280.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.