

IGFBP4 (C-20): sc-6005

BACKGROUND

The Insulin-like growth factor-binding proteins, or IGFBPs, are a family of homologous proteins that have co-evolved with the IGFs. They serve not only as shuttle molecules for the soluble IGFs, but also confer a level of regulation to the IGF signaling system. Physical association of the IGFBPs with IGF influences the bio-availability of the growth factors, as well as their concentration and distribution in the extracellular environment. In addition, the IGFBPs appear to have biological activity independent of the IGFs. Seven IGFBPs have thus far been described, each differing in their tissue distribution, half-lives and modulation of IGF interactions with their receptors. For instance, IGFBP1 is negatively regulated by Insulin production. The IGFBP1 gene is expressed at a high level during fetal liver development and in response to nutritional changes and diabetes. It has been suggested that IGFBP2 functions as chaperone, escorting IGFs to their target tissues. It is expressed in several human tissues including fetal eye and fetal brain. IGFBP3 is the most abundant IGFBP and is complexed with roughly 80% of the serum IGFs. Both IGFBP3 and IGFBP4 are released by dermal fibroblasts in response to incision injury. IGFBP5 is secreted by myoblasts and may play a key role in muscle differentiation. IGFBP6 differs from other IGFBPs in having the highest affinity for IGF-II. Glycosylated human IGFBP6 is expressed in Chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells, whereas nonglycosylated recombinant human IGFBP6 is expressed in *E. coli*. IGFBP7 is a secreted protein and binds both IGF-I and IGF-II with a relatively low affinity. It stimulates prostacyclin production and may also function as a growth-suppressing factor.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: IGFBP4 (human) mapping to 17q21.2; Igfbp4 (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

SOURCE

IGFBP4 (C-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of IGFBP4 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6005 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

APPLICATIONS

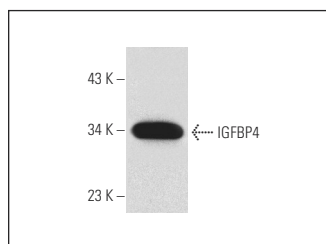
IGFBP4 (C-20) is recommended for detection of precursor and mature IGFBP4 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

IGFBP4 (C-20) is also recommended for detection of precursor and mature IGFBP4 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for IGFBP4 siRNA (h): sc-39589, IGFBP4 siRNA (m): sc-39590, IGFBP4 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-39589-SH, IGFBP4 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-39590-SH, IGFBP4 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39589-V and IGFBP4 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-39590-V.

Molecular Weight of IGFBP4: 34 kDa.

DATA



IGFBP4 (C-20): sc-6005. Western blot analysis of human recombinant IGFBP4.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Choi, D., et al. 2003. Recombinant FSH and pregnancy-associated plasma protein. *Eur. J. Obstet. Gynecol. Reprod. Biol.* 109: 171-176.
- Brogan, R.S., et al. 2009. Expression of the Insulin-like growth factor and Insulin systems in the luteinizing macaque ovarian follicle. *Fertil. Steril.* 93: 1421-1429.
- Masnikosa, R., et al. 2010. Detection of Insulin-like growth factor binding proteins (IGFBPs) in porcine serum. *Acta Vet.* 60: 327-337.
- Sato, H., et al. 2011. Insulin-like growth factor binding protein-4 gene silencing in lung adenocarcinomas. *Pathol. Int.* 61: 19-27.
- Masnikosa, R., et al. 2011. Immunodetection of Insulin-like growth factor binding proteins (IGFBPs) in the sera of different animal species. *Turk. J. Vet. Anim. Sci.* 35: 443-452.
- Ferraro, Z.M., et al. 2012. Characterization of the Insulin-like growth factor axis in term pregnancies complicated by maternal obesity. *Hum. Reprod.* 27: 2467-2475.
- Qiu, Q., et al. 2012. Significance of IGFBP-4 in the development of fetal growth restriction. *J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab.* 97: E1429-E1439.