# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# ERRβ siRNA (m): sc-60605



#### BACKGROUND

Estrogen and progesterone receptors are members of a family of transcription factors that are regulated by the binding of their cognate ligands. The interaction of hormone-bound estrogen receptors with estrogen responsive elements (EREs) alters transcription of ERE-containing genes. Estrogen receptor-related proteins (ERR $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ ) are orphan nuclear receptors. Like estrogen receptors, ERRs bind specifically to EREs to activate reporter genes. ERRB, also known as steroid hormone receptor ERR2 or estrogen receptor-like 2, contains a DNA binding domain and is highly homologous to ER $\alpha$ . ERR $\beta$  is expressed during mammary gland development and is critical in embryo development. It is expressed in a subset of diploid trophoblast cells which make up the chorion. The loss of ERRB results in severely impaired chorion formation leading to placental failure and embryonic death. This suggests that ERRB may be necessary for the proper formation or function of the chorion. In addition, ERR<sub>β</sub> potently represses the transcriptional activity of Nrf2.

#### REFERENCES

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- 2. Hong, H., et al. 1999. Hormone-independent transcriptional activation and co-activator binding by novel orphan nuclear receptor ERR3. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 22618-22626.
- 3. Chen, F., et al. 1999. Identification of two hERR2-related novel nuclear receptors utilizing bioinformatics and inverse PCR. Gene 228: 101-109.
- 4. Greschik, H., et al. 2002. Structural and functional evidence for ligandindependent transcriptional activation by the estrogen-related receptor 3. Mol. Cell 9: 303-313.
- 5. Cheung, C.P., et al. 2005. Expression and functional study of estrogen receptor-related receptors in human prostatic cells and tissues. J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 90: 1830-1844.
- 6. Gearhart, M.D., et al. 2005. Inhibition of DNA binding by human estrogenrelated receptor 2 and estrogen receptor  $\alpha$  with minor groove binding polyamides. Biochemistry 44: 4196-4203.
- 7. Zhou, W., et al. 2006. Identification and characterization of two novel splicing isoforms of human estrogen-related receptor β. J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab. 91: 569-579.
- 8. Zhou, W., et al. 2007. ERRB: A potent inhibitor of Nrf2 transcriptional activity. Mol. Cell. Endocrinol. 278: 52-62.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Esrrb (mouse) mapping to 12 D2.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

#### PRODUCT

ERR $\beta$  siRNA (m) is a pool of 3 target-specific 19-25 nt siRNAs designed to knock down gene expression. Each vial contains 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA, sufficient for a 10 µM solution once resuspended using protocol below. Suitable for 50-100 transfections. Also see ERRß shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-60605-SH and ERR $\beta$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-60605-V as alternate gene silencing products.

For independent verification of ERR $\beta$  (m) gene silencing results, we also provide the individual siRNA duplex components. Each is available as 3.3 nmol of lyophilized siRNA. These include: sc-60605A, sc-60605B and sc-60605C.

## STORAGE AND RESUSPENSION

Store lyophilized siRNA duplex at -20° C with desiccant. Stable for at least one year from the date of shipment. Once resuspended, store at -20° C, avoid contact with RNAses and repeated freeze thaw cycles.

Resuspend lyophilized siRNA duplex in 330 µl of the RNAse-free water provided. Resuspension of the siRNA duplex in 330 µl of RNAse-free water makes a 10 µM solution in a 10 µM Tris-HCl, pH 8.0, 20 mM NaCl, 1 mM EDTA buffered solution.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

 $\text{ERR}\beta$  siRNA (m) is recommended for the inhibition of  $\text{ERR}\beta$  expression in mouse cells.

### SUPPORT REAGENTS

For optimal siRNA transfection efficiency, Santa Cruz Biotechnology's siRNA Transfection Reagent: sc-29528 (0.3 ml), siRNA Transfection Medium: sc-36868 (20 ml) and siRNA Dilution Buffer: sc-29527 (1.5 ml) are recommended. Control siRNAs or Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs are available as 10 µM in 66 µl. Each contain a scrambled sequence that will not lead to the specific degradation of any known cellular mRNA. Fluorescein Conjugated Control siRNAs include: sc-36869, sc-44239, sc-44240 and sc-44241. Control siRNAs include: sc-37007, sc-44230, sc-44231, sc-44232, sc-44233, sc-44234, sc-44235, sc-44236, sc-44237 and sc-44238.

# **RT-PCR REAGENTS**

Semi-quantitative RT-PCR may be performed to monitor ERR<sub>β</sub> gene expression knockdown using RT-PCR Primer: ERRβ (m)-PR: sc-60605-PR (20 μl). Annealing temperature for the primers should be 55-60° C and the extension temperature should be 68-72° C.