Hep C E2 (1876): sc-65457



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

The Hep C (hepatitis C) is a small, enveloped, single-stranded, positive sense RNA virus belonging to the family *Flaviviridae*. Transmission of the virus occurs when blood from an infected individual enters the body of an uninfected individual. Hep C primarily replicates within hepatocytes in the liver, and circulating Hep C particles bind to receptors on the surface and enter these cells. Hep C replicates quickly, producing approximately one trillion particles each day in infected individuals. Hep C RNA polymerase has no proofreading function, so the virus has an exceptionally high mutation rate which may help it elude the immune system of the host. Hep C infection results in chronic infections, liver cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma in most people. The transmembrane (TM) domains of Hep C envelope glycoproteins E1 and E2 play multiple functions during the biogenesis of the E1E2 heterodimer. E1 and E2 also play an important role in cell entry.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

Hep C E2 (1876) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against full length Hep C E2.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μg lgG_1 in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Hep C E2 (1876) is recommended for detection of E2 genotypes 1a and 1b of Hep C origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Hep C E2: 70 kDa.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Butt, S., Idrees, M., Rehman, I.U., Ali, L., Hussain, A., Ali, M., Ahmed, N., Saleem, S. and Fayyaz, M. 2011. Establishment of stable Huh-7 cell lines expressing various hepatitis C virus genotype 3a protein: an *in vitro* testing system for novel anti-HCV drugs. Genet. Vaccines. Ther. 9: 12.
- Rafique, S., Idrees, M., Ali, A. and Lqbal, M. 2014. Studies on the role of neutralizing antibodies against envelope genes in resolving HCV pseudoparticles infection. Mol. Biol. Rep. 41: 3945-3950.
- Rafique, S., Idrees, M., Ali, A., Sahibzada, K.I. and Iqbal, M. 2014.
 Generation of infectious HCV pseudo typed particles and its utilization for studying the role of CD81 & SRBI receptors in HCV infection. Mol. Biol. Rep. 41: 3813-3819.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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