SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Hep C E1 (1879): sc-65459



BACKGROUND

The Hep C (hepatitis C) is a small, enveloped, single-stranded, positive sense RNA virus belonging to the family *Flaviviridae*. Transmission of the virus occurs when blood from an infected individual enters the body of an uninfected individual. Hep C primarily replicates within hepatocytes in the liver, and circulating Hep C particles bind to receptors on the surface and enter these cells. Hep C replicates quickly, producing approximately one trillion particles each day in infected individuals. Hep C RNA polymerase has no proofreading function, so the virus has an exceptionally high mutation rate which may help it elude the immune system of the host. Hep C infection results in chronic infections, liver cirrhosis and hepatocellular carcinoma in most people. The transmembrane (TM) domains of Hep C envelope glycoproteins E1 and E2 play multiple functions during the biogenesis of the E1E2 heterodimer. E1 and E2 also play an important role in cell entry.

REFERENCES

- 1. Watashi, K. and Shimotohno, K. 2003. The roles of hepatitis C virus proteins in a novel action mechanism of the HCV core protein on gene regulation by nuclear hormone receptors. Cancer Sci. 94: 937-943.
- Acosta-Rivero, N., et al. 2004. Nucleic acid binding properties and intermediates of HCV core protein multimerization in *Pichia pastoris*. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 323: 926-931.
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- Kimball, P., et al. 2005. HCV core protein augments cyclosporine immunosuppression. Transplant. Proc. 37: 652-653.
- Shin, J.Y., et al. 2005. HCV core protein promotes liver fibrogenesis via up-regulation of CTGF with TGF-β1. Exp. Mol. Med. 37: 138-145.

SOURCE

Hep C E1 (1879) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant Hep C E1.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g~lg G_1$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

Hep C E1 (1879) is recommended for detection of E1 genotypes 1a and 1b of Hep C origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Molecular Weight of Hep C E1: 31 kDa.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Butt, S., et al. 2011. Establishment of stable Huh-7 cell lines expressing various hepatitis C virus genotype 3a protein: an *in vitro* testing system for novel anti-HCV drugs. Genet. Vaccines Ther. 9: 12.
- Timokhova, A.V., et al. 2012. Affect of deoxynojirimycin derivatives on hepatitis C virus morphogenesis. Mol. Biol. 46: 644-653.
- Orlova, O.V., et al. 2013. Role of N-linked glycans in HCV glycoprotein E1 in the folding of structural proteins and formation viral particles. Mol. Biol. 47: 147-156.
- Rafique, S., et al. 2014. Generation of infectious HCV pseudo typed particles and its utilization for studying the role of CD81 & SRBI receptors in HCV infection. Mol. Biol. Rep. 41: 3813-3819.
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- Beljelarskaya, S.N., et al. 2016. Hepatitis C virus: the role of N-glycosylation sites of viral genotype 1b proteins for formation of viral particles in insect and mammalian cells. Biochem. Biophys. Rep. 7: 98-105.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.