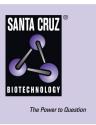
# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# HNF-4α (S-20): sc-6557



## BACKGROUND

HNF-1 ( $\alpha$  and  $\beta$ ), HNF-3 ( $\alpha$ ,  $\beta$  and  $\gamma$ ), HNF-4 ( $\alpha$  and  $\gamma$ ) and HNF-6 compose, in part, a homoeprotein family designated the hepatocyte nuclear factor family. The various HNF-1 isoforms regulate transcription of genes in the liver as well as in other tissues such as kidney, small intestine and thymus. HNF-3 $\alpha$ , HNF-3 $\beta$  and HNF-3 $\gamma$  regulate the transcription of numerous hepatocyte genes in adult liver. HNF-3 $\alpha$  and HNF-3 $\beta$  have also been shown to be involved in gastrulation events such as body axis formation. HNF-4 $\alpha$  and HNF-4 $\gamma$  have been shown to be important for early embryo development. HNF-4 $\alpha$  is expressed in liver, kidney, pancreas, small intestine, testis and colon; and HNF-4 $\gamma$  is expressed in each of these tissues except liver. HNF-6 has been shown to bind to the promoter of HNF-3 $\beta$ , which indicates a potential role of HNF-6 in gut endoderm epithelial cell differentiation. Evidence suggests that HNF-6 may also be a transriptional activator for at least 22 other hepatocyteenriched genes, including cytochrome P450 2C13 and  $\alpha$ -1 antitrypsin.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: HNF4A (human) mapping to 20q13.12; Hnf4a (mouse) mapping to 2 H3.

### SOURCE

HNF-4 $\alpha$  (S-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of HNF-4 $\alpha$  of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6557 P, (100  $\mu g$  peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-6557 X, 200  $\mu g/0.1$  ml.

## APPLICATIONS

HNF-4 $\alpha$  (S-20) is recommended for detection of HNF-4 $\alpha$  of human and, to a lesser extent, mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), is a solid protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:30-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000). HNF-4 $\alpha$  (S-20) is also recommended for detection of HNF-4 $\alpha$  in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine and porcine. Suitable for use as control antibody for HNF-4 $\alpha$  siRNA (h): sc-35573, HNF-4 $\alpha$  siRNA (m): sc-35574, HNF-4 $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35573-SH, HNF-4 $\alpha$  shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-35574-SH, HNF-4 $\alpha$  shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35573-V and HNF-4 $\alpha$  shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35574-V.

HNF-4 $\alpha$  (S-20) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

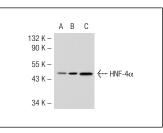
#### Molecular Weight of full-length HNF-4 $\alpha$ : 54 kDa.

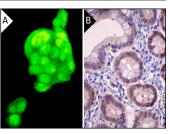
Molecular Weight of N-terminal truncated HNF-4 $\alpha$ : 40 kDa.

# STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

# DATA





HNF-4 $\alpha$  (S-20): sc-6557. Western blot analysis of HNF-4 $\alpha$  expression in non-transfected 293T: sc-117752 (**A**), mouse HNF-4 $\alpha$  transfected 293T: sc-126960 (**B**) and Hep G2 (**C**) whole cell lysates. HNF-4α (S-20): sc-6557. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed Hep G2 cells showing nuclear localization (**A**). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human duodenum tissue showing nuclear staining of glandular cells (**B**).

#### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. Hasegawa, J., et al. 1999. A novel factor binding to the glucose response elements of liver pyruvate kinase and fatty acid synthase genes. J. Biol. Chem. 274: 1100-1107.
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- 8. Scharmach, E., et al. 2012. Perfluorooctanoic acid affects the activity of the hepatocyte nuclear factor 4  $\alpha$  (HNF4 $\alpha$ ). Toxicol. Lett. 212: 106-112.
- 9. Yao, H.S., et al. 2015. Hepatocyte nuclear factor  $4\alpha$  suppresses the aggravation of colon carcinoma. Mol. Carcinog. E-published.

**RESEARCH USE** 

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.