



## AChR $\alpha$ 1 (69): sc-65765

### BACKGROUND

Members of the ligand-gated ion channel receptor family are characterized by their fast transmitting response to neurotransmitters. Two important members of this family are the nicotinic acetylcholine and glutamate receptors, both of which are composed of five homologous subunits forming a transmembrane aqueous pore. These transmembrane receptors change conformation in response to their cognate neurotransmitter. Nicotinic acetylcholine receptors (AChRs) are found at the postsynaptic membrane of the neuromuscular junction and bind acetylcholine molecules, allowing ions to move through the pore. Glutamate receptors are found in the postsynaptic membrane of cells in the central nervous system. The activity that is generated at the synapse by the binding of acetylcholine is terminated by acetylcholinesterase, an enzyme that rapidly hydrolyzes acetylcholine. AChR $\alpha$ 1, also known as ACHRD, CHRNA, CMS2A, FCCMS, SCCMS or CHRNA1, is a 482 amino acid multi-pass membrane protein that exists as 2 alternatively spliced isoforms, which are expressed in different tissues. Isoform 1 is only expressed in skeletal muscle whereas isoform 2 is constitutively expressed in skeletal muscle, brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung and thymus.

### REFERENCES

1. Alkondon, M., et al. 1988. Acetylcholinesterase reactivators modify the functional properties of the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor ion channel. *J. Pharmacol. Exp. Ther.* 245: 543-556.
2. Betz, H. 1990. Ligand-gated ion channels in the brain: the amino acid receptor superfamily. *Neuron* 5: 383-392.
3. Baenziger, J.E., et al. 1992. Probing conformational changes in the nicotinic acetylcholine receptor by Fourier transform infrared difference spectroscopy. *Biophys. J.* 62: 64-66.
4. Unwin, N. 1993. Neurotransmitter action: opening of ligand-gated ion channels. *Cell* 72: 31-41.
5. Stevens, C.F. 1993. Quantal release of neurotransmitter and long-term potentiation. *Cell* 72: 55-63.
6. Daw, N.W., et al. 1993. The role of NMDA receptors in information processing. *Annu. Rev. Neurosci.* 16: 207-222.
7. Sargent, P.B. 1993. The diversity of neuronal nicotinic acetylcholine receptors. *Annu. Rev. Neurosci.* 16: 403-443.
8. Ramirez-Latorre, J., et al. 1996. Functional contributions of  $\alpha$ 5 subunit to neuronal acetylcholine receptor channels. *Nature* 380: 347-351.

### SOURCE

AChR $\alpha$ 1 (69) is a rat monoclonal antibody raised against intact AChR from fetal muscle of bovine origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu$ g IgG<sub>2a</sub> in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### APPLICATIONS

AChR $\alpha$ 1 (69) is recommended for detection of nicotinic AChR $\alpha$ 1 of bovine origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Molecular Weight of AChR $\alpha$ 1 isoform 1: 52 kDa.

Molecular Weight of AChR $\alpha$ 1 isoform 2: 55 kDa.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **\*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\***. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) for detailed protocols and support products.