

PTG (N-19): sc-6582

BACKGROUND

Protein phosphatase 1 (PP1) is a serine-threonine protein phosphatase that plays a central role in mediating the effects of Insulin on glucose and lipid metabolism. PTG (protein targeting to glycogen) was cloned from 3T3-L1 adipocytes as a protein that binds to the PP1 catalytic subunit. The human homolog of PTG, designated PPP1R5, has been shown to bind to PP1 and to modulate its specificity. PTEN/PPP1R5 shows 42% identity to the glycogen binding subunit, G(L), of rat liver PP1. PTG is expressed predominantly in Insulin-sensitive tissues, and it localizes PP1 to glycogen. PTG also has been shown to interact with several enzymes involved in the hormonal regulation of glycogen metabolism, including phosphorylase kinase, phosphorylase A and glycogen synthase. These data indicate a role for PTG in glycogen metabolism, possibly that of a molecular scaffold.

REFERENCES

- Cohen, P. 1989. The structure and regulation of protein phosphatases. *Ann. Rev. Biochem.* 58: 453-508.
- Saltiel, A.R. 1996. Diverse signaling pathways in the cellular actions of Insulin. *Am. J. Physiol.* 270: E375-E385.
- Doherty, M.J., Young, P.R. and Cohen, P.T. 1996. Amino acid sequence of a novel protein phosphatase 1 binding protein (R5) which is related to the liver- and muscle-specific glycogen binding subunits of protein phosphatase 1. *FEBS Lett.* 399: 339-343.
- Armstrong, C.G., Browne, G.J., Cohen, P. and Cohen, P.T. 1997. PPP1R6, a novel member of the family of glycogen-targeting subunits of protein phosphatase 1. *FEBS Lett.* 418: 210-214.
- Brady, M.J., Printen J.A., Mastick, C.C. and Saltiel, A.R. 1997. Role of protein targeting to glycogen (PTG) in the regulation of protein phosphatase-1 activity. *J. Biol. Chem.* 272: 20198-20204.
- Printen, J.A., Brady, M.J. and Saltiel, A.R. 1997. PTG, a protein phosphatase-1 binding protein with a role in glycogen metabolism. *Science* 275: 1475-1478.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: PPP1R3C (human) mapping to 10q23.32; Ppp1r3c (mouse) mapping to 19 C2.

SOURCE

PTG (N-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the N-terminus of PTG of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6582 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

PTG (N-19) is recommended for detection of PTG of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

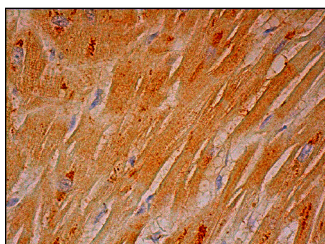
PTG (N-19) is also recommended for detection of PTG in additional species, including equine and porcine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for PTG siRNA (h): sc-44047, PTG siRNA (m): sc-152578, PTG shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44047-SH, PTG shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-152578-SH, PTG shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44047-V and PTG shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-152578-V.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 3) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2053 or ABC: sc-2023 goat IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



PTG (N-19): sc-6582. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human heart muscle tissue showing cytoplasmic staining of myocytes.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Jurczak, M.J., Danos, A.M., Rehmann, V.R., Allison, M.B., Greenberg, C.C. and Brady, M.J. 2007. Transgenic overexpression of protein targeting to glycogen markedly increases adipocytic glycogen storage in mice. *Am. J. Physiol. Endocrinol. Metab.* 292: E952-E963.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.