MerTK (D-20): sc-66396



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

MerTK, also called c-Mer, is a member of the Mer/Axl/Tyro3 receptor kinase family. It is a 984 residue transmembrane protein made up of one tyrosine kinase domain, 2 Fibronectin type-III domains and 2 immunoglobulin-like C2-type domains. MerTK is the mammalian ortholog of the chicken retroviral oncogene product v-Eyk. This protein plays a critical role in macrophage activation, platelet aggregation, clot stability and the efficient removal of apoptotic cells. Specifically, MerTK acts as a signaling molecule, triggering outer segment ingestion in the retinal pigment epithelium (RPE) phagocytic process. Evidence suggests that MerTK signals via interaction with phosphatidylinositol-specific phospholipase C $\gamma 2$ (PI-PLC $\gamma 2$). When the gene encoding for MerTK is mutated, the RPE phagocytosis pathway is disrupted and autosomal recessive retinitis pigmentosa (RP) may result, leading to degeneration of retinal photoreceptor cells.

REFERENCES

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- Gal, A., et al. 2000. Mutations in MerTK, the human ortholog of the RCS rat retinal dystrophy gene, cause retinitis pigmentosa. Nat. Genet. 26: 270-271.
- 3. D'Cruz, P.M., et al. 2000. Mutation of the receptor tyrosine kinase gene MerTK in the retinal dystrophic RCS rat. Hum. Mol. Genet. 9: 645-651.
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- Feng, W., et al. 2002. MerTK triggers uptake of photoreceptor outer segments during phagocytosis by cultured retinal pigment epithelial cells. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 17016-17022.
- 6. Todt, J.C., et al. 2004. The receptor tyrosine kinase MerTK activates phospholipase C γ 2 during recognition of apoptotic thymocytes by murine macrophages. J. Leukoc. Biol. 75: 705-713.
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- 8. Tschernutter, M., et al. 2006. Clinical characterization of a family with retinal dystrophy caused by mutation in the MerTK gene. Br. J. Ophthalmol. 90: 718-723.
- Cheong, H.S., et al. 2007. MerTK polymorphisms associated with risk of hematological disorders among Korean SLE patients. Rheumatology 46: 209-214.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Mertk (rat) mapping to 3q36

SOURCE

MerTK (D-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an extracellular domain of MerTK of rat origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-66396 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

MerTK (D-20) is recommended for detection of MerTK of rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of MerTK: 110 kDa.

Molecular Weight of glycosylated MerTK: 140-205 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

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