

DGK- θ (H-130): sc-66861

BACKGROUND

Diacylglycerol kinases (DGKs) phosphorylate diacylglycerol (DAG) to produce phosphatidic acid. DAG and phosphatidic acid are lipids that act as second messengers in signaling cascades. DGK- α influences cell activation and secretion of lethal exosomes, which in turn control cell death. DGK- β is abundant in restricted brain regions such as the caudate putamen and olfactory tubercle. DGK- γ encodes full-length and truncated transcripts that are present in a range of human tissues, with greatest expression observed in retina. DGK- δ is most abundant in skeletal muscle. DGK- ϵ shows specificity for arachidonyl-containing diacylglycerol and is expressed predominantly in testis. DGK- θ is most abundant in the cerebellum and hippocampus. DGK- ι is present in brain and retina as a predominant transcript of more than 12 kb, including a long 3-prime untranslated region, with additional low abundance transcripts of 9.5 and 7.5 kb. DGK- η is closely related to DGK- δ . DGK- ζ is most abundant in brain and muscle. DGKs have structural motifs that play regulatory roles, and these motifs form the basis for dividing the DGKs into five subtypes.

REFERENCES

1. Schaap, D., et al. 1990. Purification, cDNA-cloning and expression of human diacylglycerol kinase. *FEBS Lett.* 275: 151-158.
2. Goto, K., et al. 1993. Molecular cloning and expression of a 90 kDa diacylglycerol kinase that predominantly localizes in neurons. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90: 7598-7602.
3. Masai, I., et al. 1993. *Drosophila* retinal degeneration A gene encodes an eye-specific diacylglycerol kinase with cysteine-rich zinc-finger motifs and ankyrin repeats. *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 90: 11157-11161.
4. Kai, M., et al. 1994. Molecular cloning of a diacylglycerol kinase isozyme predominantly expressed in human retina with a truncated and inactive enzyme expression in most other human cells. *J. Biol. Chem.* 269: 18492-18498.
5. Sakane, F., et al. 1996. Molecular cloning of a novel diacylglycerol kinase isozyme with a pleckstrin homology domain and a C-terminal tail similar to those of the EPH family of protein-tyrosine kinases. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 8394-8401.
6. Tang, W., et al. 1996. Molecular cloning of a novel human diacylglycerol kinase highly selective for arachidonate-containing substrates. *J. Biol. Chem.* 271: 10237-10241.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: DGKQ (human) mapping to 4p16.3; Dgkq (mouse) mapping to 5 F.

SOURCE

DGK- θ (H-130) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 691-820 mapping near the C-terminus of DGK- θ of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

DGK- θ (H-130) is recommended for detection of DGK- θ of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

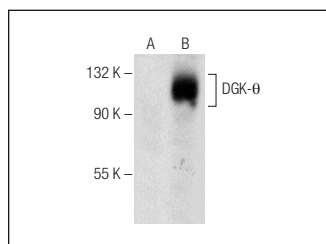
DGK- θ (H-130) is also recommended for detection of DGK- θ in additional species, including equine, canine and bovine.

Suitable for use as control antibody for DGK- θ siRNA (h): sc-45681, DGK- θ siRNA (m): sc-45682, DGK- θ shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-45681-SH, DGK- θ shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45682-SH, DGK- θ shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45681-V and DGK- θ shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45682-V.

Molecular Weight of DGK- θ : 110 kDa.

Positive Controls: DGK- θ (h): 293T Lysate: sc-117226 or rat brain extract: sc-2392.

DATA



DGK- θ (H-130): sc-66861. Western blot analysis of DGK- θ expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (A) and human DGK- θ transfected: sc-117226 (B) 293T whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **DGK- θ (E-5): sc-137197** or **DGK- θ (24): sc-135882**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to DGK- θ (H-130).