SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

MAL (H-70): sc-66978



BACKGROUND

MAL (for myelin and lymphocyte protein), also known as T lymphocyte maturation-associated protein, is a nonglycosylated hydrophobic integral membrane protein belonging to the MAL family of proteolipids. MAL is highly enriched in nervous system myelin and in rafts and apical membranes of epithelial cells. It is involved in forming, stabilizing and maintaining glycosphingolipidenriched membrane microdomains. MAL maintains the myelin sheath and, by controlling the sorting and trafficking of oligodendrocytes, it is involved in central nervous system paranode maintenance. MAL is a component of lipid rafts in myelinating cells. Association with glycosphingolipids may result in protein-lipid microdomain formation in myelin. MAL has been localized to the endoplasmic reticulum of T cells and in compact myelin of cells in the nervous system. MAL is primarily expressed by oligodendrocytes and Schwann cells in the intermediate and late stages of T cell differentiation.

REFERENCES

- 1. Schaeren-Wiemers, N., et al. 1995. Identification of new oligodendrocyteand Myelin-specific genes by a differential screening approach. J. Neurochem. 65: 10-22.
- 2. Schaeren-Wiemers, N., et al. 2004. The raft-associated protein MAL is required for maintenance of proper axon-glia interactions in the central nervous system. J. Cell Biol. 166: 731-742.
- 3. Saravanan, K., et al. 2004. Specific downregulation and mistargeting of the lipid raft-associated protein MAL in a glycolipid storage disorder. Neurobiol. Dis. 16: 396-406.
- 4. Marazuela, M., et al. 2004. Expression of MAL and MAL2, two elements of the protein machinery for raft-mediated transport, in normal and neoplastic human tissue. Histol. Histopathol. 19: 925-933.
- 5. Philippar, U., et al. 2004. The SRF target gene FHL-2 antagonizes RhoA/MALdependent activation of SRF. Mol. Cell 16: 867-880.
- 6. SWISS-PROT/TrEMBL (P21145). World Wide Web URL: http://www.expasy. ch/sprot/sprot-top.html.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: MAL (human) mapping to 2q11.1; Mal (mouse) mapping to 2 F1.

SOURCE

MAL (H-70) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 61-130 mapping within an internal region of MAL of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

MAL (H-70) is recommended for detection of MAL of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

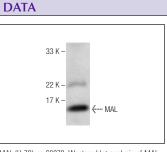
Suitable for use as control antibody for MAL siRNA (h): sc-44785, MAL siRNA (m): sc-44786, MAL shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-44785-SH, MAL shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-44786-SH, MAL shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44785-V and MAL shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-44786-V.

Molecular Weight of MAL: 17 kDa.

Positive Controls: Hs 67 whole cell lysate.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat antirabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz[™] Mounting Medium: sc-24941.



MAL (H-70): sc-66978. Western blot analysis of MAL expression in Hs 67 whole cell lysate

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.