# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# Tap42 (y-300): sc-67113



#### BACKGROUND

In *Saccharomyces cerevisiae*, the target of rapamycin (Tor) pathway, mediates cell proliferation and growth. Two A phosphatase associated protein (Tap42) is part of the Tor signaling pathway and is involved in transcriptional modulation. Tap42 is phosphorlyated by Tor and interacts with the catalytic subunits of protein phosphatase 2A (PP2A) and closely related phosphatase Sit4 via their N-terminal domains. Tap42 can also interact with Pp13 and Ppg1, two 2A-like phosphatases. Tap42 acts as an inhibitor of PP2A phosphatase, and the complex between Tap42 and the catalytic subunit of PP2A acts via a Rho GTPase-dependent mechanism to regulate the Actin cytoskeleton in *S. cerevisiae*. Upon treatment with rapamycin, Tap42 interacts with TIP41, which binds to and inhibits Tap42. In mammals, the homolog of Tap42 is known as  $\alpha$ 4.

# REFERENCES

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- Jiang, Y., et al. 1999. Tor proteins and protein phosphatase 2A reciprocally regulate Tap42 in controlling cell growth in yeast. EMBO J. 18: 2782-2792.
- Jacinto, E., et al. 2001. TIP41 interacts with Tap42 and negatively regulates the TOR signaling pathway. Mol. Cell 8: 1017-1026.
- Torres, J., et al. 2002. Regulation of the cell integrity pathway by rapamycin-sensitive TOR function in budding yeast. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 43495-43504.
- Cherkasova, V.A., et al. 2003. Translational control by Tor and Tap42 through dephosphorylation of eIF2α kinase GCN2. Genes Dev. 17: 859-872.
- Duvel, K., et al. 2003. Multiple roles of Tap42 in mediating rapamycininduced transcriptional changes in yeast. Mol. Cell 11: 1467-1478.
- 8. Wang, H., et al. 2003. Interaction with Tap42 is required for the essential function of Sit4 and type 2A phosphatases. Mol. Biol. Cell 14: 4342-4351.
- Cygnar, K.D., et al. 2005. The phosphatase subunit tap42 functions independently of target of rapamycin to regulate cell division and survival in *Drosophila*. Genetics 170: 733-740.

#### SOURCE

Tap42 (y-300) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 67-366 mapping at the C-terminus of Tap42 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### APPLICATIONS

Tap42 (y-300) is recommended for detection of Tap42 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Tap42: 42 kDa.

Positive Controls: Saccharomyces cerevisiae whole cell lysate.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# DATA



Tap42 (y-300): sc-67113. Western blot analysis of Tap42 expression in *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.