

TR β 2 (M-110): sc-67124

BACKGROUND

Thyroid hormone receptors (TRs) are ligand-dependent transcription factors that mediate the biological activities of thyroid hormone (T₃). Thyroid hormone receptor β 2 (TR β 2) is a high affinity receptor for triiodothyronine which belongs to the nuclear hormone receptor family and the NR1 subfamily. It is composed of three domains: a modulating N-terminal domain, a DNA-binding domain and a C-terminal steroid-binding domain. Defects in the receptor result in generalized thyroid hormone resistance (GTHR). GTHR is transmitted as an autosomal dominant trait, but an autosomal recessive form also exists. The disease is characterized by goiter, abnormal mental functions, increased susceptibility to infections, abnormal growth and bone maturation, tachycardia and deafness. GTHR patients also have high levels of circulating thyroid hormones (T₃-T₄), with normal or slightly elevated thyroid stimulating hormone.

REFERENCES

1. Pohlenz, J., et al. 1999. Five new families with resistance to thyroid hormone not caused by mutations in the thyroid hormone receptor β gene. *J. Clin. Endocrinol. Metab.* 84: 3919-3928.
2. Miller, L.D., et al. 2004. Multi-tissue gene-expression analysis in a mouse model of thyroid hormone resistance. *Genome Biol.* 5: R31.
3. Cheng, S.Y., et al. 2005. Thyroid hormone receptor mutations and disease: beyond thyroid hormone resistance. *Trends Endocrinol. Metab.* 16: 176-182.
4. Ying, H., et al. 2005. Dual functions of the steroid hormone receptor coactivator 3 in modulating resistance to thyroid hormone. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 25: 7687-7695.
5. Wu, S.Y., et al. 2005. Tissue responses to thyroid hormone in a kindred with resistance to thyroid hormone harboring a commonly occurring mutation in the thyroid hormone receptor β gene (P453T). *J. Lab. Clin. Med.* 146: 85-94.
6. Tian, H., et al. 2006. The N-terminal A/B domain of the thyroid hormone receptor- β 2 isoform influences ligand-dependent recruitment of coactivators to the ligand binding domain. *Mol. Endocrinol.* 20: 2036-2051.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: *Thrb* (mouse) mapping to 14 A2.

SOURCE

TR β 2 (M-110) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-110 mapping at the N-terminus of TR β 2 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μ g IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-67124 X, 200 μ g/0.1 ml.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

TR β 2 (M-110) is recommended for detection of thyroid hormone receptor 2 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

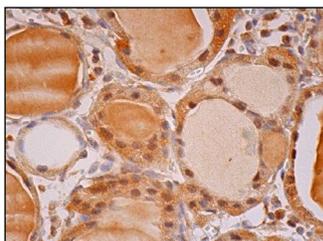
Suitable for use as control antibody for TR β 2 siRNA (m): sc-45906, TR β 2 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-45906-SH and TR β 2 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-45906-V.

TR β 2 (M-110) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-TR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use ImmunoCruz™: sc-2051 or ABC: sc-2018 rabbit IgG Staining Systems.

DATA



TR β 2 (M-110): sc-67124. Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human thyroid gland tissue showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining of glandular cells.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.