



## Cdc4 (yN-19): sc-6714

### BACKGROUND

Cell cycle progression is controlled at a point late in G<sub>1</sub> designated Start. Passage through Start requires the activity of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase Cdc28. Transition from G<sub>1</sub> to S phase requires the association of Cdc28 with members of the G<sub>1</sub> cyclin family. This progression also requires the destruction of the S-phase cyclin/Cdk inhibitor, Sic1. Sic1 proteolysis is mediated in part by the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme Cdc34. Cdc4, a potential ubiquitin-protein ligase, is also involved in the degradation of Sic1. Another protein thought to play a role in the ubiquitin-protein ligase complex is Cdc53. This protein binds to Cdc34 and targets phosphorylated G<sub>1</sub> cyclins for ubiquitin-mediated degradation.

### REFERENCES

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2. Nasmyth, K. 1993. Control of the yeast cell cycle by the Cdc28 protein kinase. *Curr. Opin. Cell Biol.* 5: 166-179.
3. Sherlock, G. and Rosamond, J. 1993. Starting to cycle: G<sub>1</sub> controls regulating cell division in budding yeast. *J. Gen. Microbiol.* 139: 2531-2541.
4. Knapp, D., Bhoite, L., Stillman, D.J. and Nasmyth, K. 1996. The transcription factor Swi5 regulates expression of the cyclin kinase inhibitor p40SIC1. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 16: 5701-5707.
5. Levine, K., Huang, K. and Cross, F.R. 1996. *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* G<sub>1</sub> cyclins differ in their intrinsic functional specificities. *Mol. Cell. Biol.* 16: 6794-6803.
6. Willems, A.R., Lanker, S., Patton, E.E., Craig, K.L., Nason, T.F., Mathias, N., Kobayashi, R., Wittenberg, C. and Tyers, M. 1996. Cdc53 targets phosphorylated G<sub>1</sub> cyclins for degradation by the ubiquitin proteolytic pathway. *Cell* 86: 453-463.
7. Deshaies, R.J. 1997. Phosphorylation and proteolysis: partners in the regulation of cell division in budding yeast. *Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev.* 7: 7-16.
8. Verma, R., Feldman, R.M. and Deshaies, R.J. 1997. Sic1 is ubiquitinated *in vitro* by a pathway that requires Cdc4, Cdc34, and cyclin/Cdk activities. *Mol. Biol. Cell* 8: 1427-1437.

### SOURCE

Cdc4 (yN-19) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of Cdc4 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6714 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

### APPLICATIONS

Cdc4 (yN-19) is recommended for detection of Cdc4 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

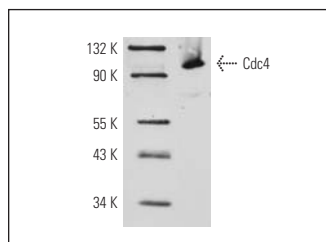
Molecular Weight of Cdc4: 93 kDa.

Positive Controls: *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

### RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

### DATA



Cdc4 (yN-19): sc-6714. Western blot analysis of Cdc4 expression in *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

### SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

1. Blondel, M., et al. 2000. Nuclear-specific degradation of Far1 is controlled by the localization of the F-box protein Cdc4. *EMBO J.* 19: 6085-6097.

### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at [www.scbt.com](http://www.scbt.com) or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.