# Cdc4 (yC-20): sc-6715



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## **BACKGROUND**

Cell cycle progression is controlled at a point late in  $G_1$  designated Start. Passage through Start requires the activity of the cyclin-dependent protein kinase Cdc28. Transition from  $G_1$  to S phase requires the association of Cdc28 with members of the  $G_1$  cyclin family. This progression also requires the destruction of the S-phase cyclin/Cdk inhibitor, Sic1. Sic1 proteolysis is mediated in part by the ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme Cdc34. Cdc4, a potential ubiquitin-protein ligase, is also involved in the degradation of Sic1. Another protein thought to play a role in the ubiquitin-protein ligase complex is Cdc53. This protein binds to Cdc34 and targets phosphorylated  $G_1$  cyclins for ubiquitin-mediated degradation.

# **REFERENCES**

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- 6. Willems, A.R., Lanker, S., Patton, E.E., Craig, K.L., Nason, T.F., Mathias, N., Kobayashi, R., Wittenberg, C. and Tyers, M. 1996. Cdc53 targets phosphorylated  $G_1$  cyclins for degradation by the ubiquitin proteolytic pathway. Cell 86: 453-463.
- 7. Deshaies, R.J. 1997. Phosphorylation and proteolysis: partners in the regulation of cell division in budding yeast. Curr. Opin. Genet. Dev. 7: 7-16.
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# SOURCE

Cdc4 (yC-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of Cdc4 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6715 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Cdc4 (yC-20) is recommended for detection of Cdc4 of *Saccharomyces cerevisiae* origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)] and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

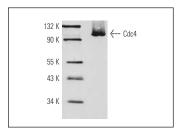
Molecular Weight of Cdc4: 93 kDa.

Positive Controls: S. cerevisiae whole cell lysate.

## **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

## **DATA**



Cdc4 (yC-20): sc-6715. Western blot analysis of Cdc4 expression in *S. cerevisiae* whole cell lysate.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

1. Blondel, M., et al. 2000. Nuclear-specific degradation of Far1 is controlled by the localization of the F-box protein Cdc4. EMBO J. 19: 6085-6097.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.