



DIP2A (G-15): sc-67552

BACKGROUND

DIP2A (disco-interacting protein 2 homolog A), also known as DIP2, is a 1,571 amino acid nuclear protein. It is one of three human homologs (DIP2A, DIP2B and DIP2C) of the *Drosophila* dip2 (disconnected-interacting protein 2) protein. In *Drosophila*, dip2 interacts with disco, a protein required for neuronal connections in the visual systems of larvae and adults. The closest vertebrate homologs to disco are the basonuclein genes. In mice, DIP2 homologs show restricted expression to the brain. This suggests that, similar to the function of *Drosophila* dip2, vertebrate DIP2 homologs may play a role in the development of the nervous system. Expressed ubiquitously with highest expression in the brain, DIP2A is thought to function in signaling throughout the central nervous system by providing positional clues for axon patterning and pathfinding. Four isoforms of DIP2A exist due to alternative splicing events.

REFERENCES

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- DeSousa, D., Mukhopadhyay, M., Pelka, P., Zhao, X., Dey, B.K., Robert, V., Pelisson, A., Bucheton, A. and Campos, A.R. 2003. A novel double-stranded RNA-binding protein, disco-interacting protein 1 (DIP1), contributes to cell fate decisions during *Drosophila* development. *J. Biol. Chem.* 278: 38040-38050.
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- Bondos, S.E., Tan, X.X., Bicknell, A., Li, L. and Matthews, K.S. 2004. Hox transcription factor ultrabithorax 1b physically and genetically interacts with disconnected interacting protein 1, a double-stranded RNA-binding protein. *J. Biol. Chem.* 279: 26433-26444.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Dip2a (mouse) mapping to 10 C1.

SOURCE

DIP2A (G-15) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of DIP2A of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-67552 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

DIP2A (G-15) is recommended for detection of DIP2A of mouse origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for DIP2A siRNA (m): sc-62213.

Molecular Weight of DIP2A: 170 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.