# dUTPase (F-17): sc-68073



The Power to Overtion

#### **BACKGROUND**

dUTPase (deoxyuridine 5'-triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase), also known as DUT or dUTP pyrophosphatase, is a preventive DNA repair enzyme that functions in nucleotide metabolism. dUTPase is expressed in a variety of tissues and, depending on the isoform (DUT-N or DUT-M), localizes to the nucleus or the mitochondrion. The nuclear isoform, DUT-N, is the most abundant of the two isoforms. dUTPase, in the presence of magnesium ions, is responsible for hydrolyzing dUTP to dUMP and diphosphate. This reaction is important for keeping the intracellular dUTP concentration low so that uracil does not become incorporated into DNA. Extensive incorporation of uracil into DNA can ultimately lead to cell death. This suggests that dUTPase is essential for cell viability, further implying that dUTPase is a potential target for anticancer therapy. In addition, dUMP, the product of the hydrolysis reaction, is a precursor of thymidine nucleotides which are essential for DNA replication.

# **REFERENCES**

- Canman, C.E., et al. 1992. Variations in patterns of DNA damage induced in human colorectal tumor cells by 5-fluorodeoxyuridine: implications for mechanisms of resistance and cytotoxicity. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 89: 10474-10478.
- Ladner, R.D., et al. 1996. Characterization of distinct nuclear and mitochondrial forms of human deoxyuridine triphosphate nucleotidohydrolase.
  J. Biol. Chem. 271: 7745-7751.
- 3. Online Mendelian Inheritance in Man, OMIM™. 2002. Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD. MIM Number: 601266. World Wide Web URL: http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/omim/
- Jiang, Y.L., et al. 2006. Synthesis and high-throughput evaluation of triskelion uracil libraries for inhibition of human dUTPase and UNG2. Bioorg. Med. Chem. 14: 5666-5672.
- Samal, A., et al. 2007. Structures of vaccinia virus dUTPase and its nucleotide complexes. Acta Crystallogr. D Biol. Crystallogr. 63: 571-580.
- Varga, B., et al. 2007. Active site closure facilitates juxtaposition of reactant atoms for initiation of catalysis by human dUTPase. FEBS Lett. 581: 4783-4788.
- 7. Tóth, J., et al. 2007. Kinetic mechanism of human dUTPase, an essential nucleotide pyrophosphatase enzyme. J. Biol. Chem. 282: 33572-33582.
- 8. Kovári, J., et al. 2007. Methylene substitution at the  $\alpha$ - $\beta$  bridging position within the phosphate chain of dUDP profoundly perturbs ligand accommodation into the dUTPase active site. Proteins 71: 308-319.
- Thymark, M., et al. 2008. Mutational analysis of the nucleotide binding site of *Escherichia coli* dCTP deaminase. Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 470: 20-26.

# **CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION**

Genetic locus: DUT (human) mapping to 15g21.1.

## **SOURCE**

dUTPase (F-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping near the C-terminus of dUTPase of human origin.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-68073 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

### **APPLICATIONS**

dUTPase (F-17) is recommended for detection of dUTPase of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

dUTPase (F-17) is also recommended for detection of dUTPase in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for dUTPase siRNA (h): sc-62242, dUTPase shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-62242-SH and dUTPase shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-62242-V.

Molecular Weight of nuclear dUTPase isoform: 22 kDa.

Molecular Weight of mitochondrial dUTPase isoform: 23 kDa.

# **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Try dUTPase (H-9): sc-166856 or dUTPase (G-6): sc-166838, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to dUTPase (F-17).

**Santa Cruz Biotechnology, Inc.** 1.800.457.3801 831.457.3801 **Europe** +00800 4573 8000 49 6221 4503 0 **www.scbt.com**