## SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# TIMP-1 (R-18): sc-6834



#### BACKGROUND

TIMP-1, TIMP-2, TIMP-3 and TIMP-4 (for tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases-1, -2, -3 and -4) complex with metalloproteinases such as collagenases, gelatinases and stromelysins, resulting in irreversible inactivation of the metalloproteinase. TIMP-1 was found to be identical to EPA (erythroid-potentiation activity). Parathyroid hormone has been shown to be a regulator of TIMP-2 in osteoblastic cells. TIMP-3 may be involved in regulating trophoblastic invasion of the uterus as well as in regulating remodeling of the extracellular matrix during the folding of epithelia, and in the formation, branching and expansion of epithelial tubes. TIMP-4 is most highly expressed in heart and low levels of TIMP-4 are expressed in liver, brain, lung, thymus and spleen.

#### REFERENCES

- Docherty, A.J., et al. 1985. Sequence of human tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases and its identity to erythroid-potentiating activity. Nature 318: 66-69.
- Carmichael, D.F., et al. 1986. Primary structure and cDNA cloning of human fibroblast collagenase inhibitor. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83: 2407-2411.
- Cook, T.F., et al. 1994. Cloning and regulation of rat tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase-2 in osteoblastic cells. Arch. Biochem. Biophys. 311: 313-320.
- 4. Silbiger, S.M., et al. 1994. Cloning of cDNAs encoding human TIMP-3, a novel member of the tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase family. Gene 141: 293-297.
- Apte, S.S., et al. 1994. Gene encoding a novel murine tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases (TIMP), TIMP-3, is expressed in developing mouse epithelia, cartilage, and muscle, and is located on mouse chromosome 10. Dev. Dyn. 200: 177-197.
- Apte, S.S., et al. 1995. The gene structure of tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinases (TIMP)-3 and its inhibitory activities define the distinct TIMP gene family. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 14313-14318.
- Greene, J., et al. 1996. Molecular cloning and characterization of human tissue inhibitor of metalloproteinase 4. J. Biol. Chem. 271: 30375-30380.
- Gomez, D.E., et al. 1997. Tissue inhibitors of metalloprpteinases: structure, regulation and biological functions. Eur. J. Cell Biol. 74: 111-122.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: Timp1 (rat) mapping to Xq12.

#### SOURCE

TIMP-1 (R-18) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of TIMP-1 of rat origin.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-6834 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

## **APPLICATIONS**

TIMP-1 (R-18) is recommended for detection of TIMP-1 of rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of TIMP-1: 23 kDa.

Molecular Weight of glycosylated TIMP-1: 28 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

## SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Zhang, X., et al. 2002. Expression of matrix metalloproteinases and their inhibitors in experimental retinal ischemia-reperfusion injury in rats. Exp. Eye Res. 74: 577-584.
- Siu, M.K., et al. 2003. The interplay of collagen IV, tumor necrosis factorα, gelatinase B (matrix metalloprotease-9), and tissue inhibitor of metalloproteases-1 in the basal lamina regulates Sertoli cell-tight junction dynamics in the rat testis. Endocrinology 144: 371-387.
- Guo, C., et al. 2003. Type I collagen-induced MMP-2 activation coincides with up-regulation of membrane type 1-matrix metalloproteinase and TIMP-2 in cardiac fibroblasts. J. Biol. Chem. 278: 46699-46708.
- Bruno Martin, A., et al. 2006. Activity-dependent release of precursor nerve growth factor, conversion to mature nerve growth factor, and its degradation by a protease cascade. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 103: 6735-6740.
- Strange, R., et al. 2007. Proliferation and apoptosis in mammary epithelium during the rat oestrous cycle. Acta Physiol. 190: 137-149.
- 6. Wang, KT., et al. 2010. Gastroprotective activity of atractylenolide III from Atractylodes ovata on ethanol-induced gastric ulcer *in vitro* and *in vivo*. J. Pharm. Pharmacol. 62: 381-388.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.