# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# p-NFATc2 (Ser 276): sc-68699



#### BACKGROUND

The NFAT (nuclear factor of activated T cells) family of transcription factors regulates cytokine expression in T cells. Members of the family include NFATc1 (NFATc), NFATc2 (NFATp), NFATn, NFATc3 (NFAT4, NFATx) and NFATc4 (NFAT3). Recognition of antigen by the T cell receptor (TCR) eventually activates the calcium-dependent protein phosphatase calcineurin. Once activated, calcineurin stimulates the translocation of NFATc1 (cytoplasmic) from the NFATc1, NFATc2 resides in the cytoplasm and translocates to the nucleus subsequent to activation of calcineurin. Once in the nucleus, NFATc2 synergizes with AP-1 transcription factors to initiate transcription of cytokine genes. NFATc3 and NFATc4 share 65% sequence identity with other members of the NFAT family. They are similar to NFATc2 in that they also synergize with the AP-1 family of proteins. NFATc2 is phosphorylated by NFATc-kinase and is inducibly expressed in T lymphocytes after TCR complex activation. The phosphorylated form of NFATc2 localizes to the cytoplasm. It is dephosphorylated by calcineurin and localizes to the nucleus after dephosphorylation.

## REFERENCES

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- Liu, J., et al. 1991. Calcineurin is a common target of Cyclophilin-Cyclosporin A and FKBP–FK-506 complexes. Cell 66: 807-815.
- Jain, J., et al. 1993. The T cell transcription factor NFATp is a substrate for calcineurin and interacts with Fos and Jun. Nature 365: 352-355.
- Northrop, J.P., et al. 1994. NFAT components define a family of transcription factors targeted in T cell activation. Nature 369: 497-502.
- Hoey, T., et al. 1995. Isolation of two new members of the NFAT gene family and functional characterization of the NFAT proteins. Immunity 2: 461-472.
- Okamura, H., et al. 2000. Concerted dephosphorylation of the transcription factor NFAT1 induces a conformational switch that regulates transcriptional activity. Mol. Cell 6: 539-550.
- Sheridan, C.M., et al. 2002. Protein kinase A negatively modulates the nuclear accumulation of NFATc1 by priming for subsequent phosphorylation by glycogen synthase kinase-3. J. Biol. Chem. 277: 48664-48676.
- 9. Okamura, H., et al. 2004. A conserved docking motif for CK1 binding controls the nuclear localization of NFAT1. Mol. Cell. Biol. 24: 4184-4195.

#### **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.

#### CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NFATC2 (human) mapping to 20q13.2-q13.3; Nfatc2 (mouse) mapping to 2 H3.

## SOURCE

p-NFATc2 (Ser 276) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against a short amino acid sequence containing phosphorylated Ser 276 of NFATc2 of human origin.

#### PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-68699 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### **APPLICATIONS**

p-NFATc2 (Ser 276) is recommended for detection of Ser 276 phosphorylated NFATc2 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of p-NFATc2: 135 kDa.

Positive Controls: Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216, Jurkat + IL-2 cell lysate: sc-2278 or IL-2 cell lysate.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2004 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP: sc-2030 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto B Blocking Reagent: sc-2335 (use 50 mM NaF, sc-24988, as diluent) and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-rabbit IgG-FITC: sc-2012 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-rabbit IgG-FR: sc-2780 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.