# XLF (M-130): sc-68902



The Power to Questio

#### **BACKGROUND**

XLF (XRCC4-like factor), also known as non-homologous end-joining factor 1 (NHEJ1) or cernunnos, is a 295 amino acid protein belonging to the XLF family. There are two main repair pathways for DNA double-strand breaks: homologous recombination (HR) and non-homologous end-joining (NHEJ). In the latter pathway, the Ku-70/Ku-86 heterodimer binds the DNA ends together and the DNA-PK catalytic subunits are recruited. Then the DNA ends are processed by DNA processing enzymes, such as Artemis. The binding is finalized through DNA Ligase IV, which acts in a complex with XRCC4 and XLF to stabilize the repair. Thus, it is believed that XLF interacts with DNA Ligase IV and XRCC4 to constitute the enzymatic core of the NHEJ machinery. Two named isoforms of XLF exist as a result of alternative splicing events.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Revy, P., et al. 2006. Cernunnos-XLF, a recently identified non-homologous end-joining factor required for the development of the immune system. Curr. Opin. Allergy Clin. Immunol. 6: 416-420.
- Drouet, J., et al. 2006. Interplay between Ku, Artemis, and the DNAdependent protein kinase catalytic subunit at DNA ends. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 27784-27793.
- Hentges, P., et al. 2006. Evolutionary and functional conservation of the DNA non-homologous end-joining protein, XLF/Cernunnos. J. Biol. Chem. 281: 37517-37526.
- 4. Windhofer, F., et al. 2007. Low levels of DNA ligases III and IV sufficient for effective NHEJ. J. Cell. Physiol. 213: 475-483.
- Zha, S., et al. 2007. Defective DNA repair and increased genomic instability in Cernunnos-XLF-deficient murine ES cells. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 104: 4518-4523.
- Tsai, C.J., et al. 2007. Cernunnos/XLF promotes the ligation of mismatched and noncohesive DNA ends. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 104: 7851-7856.
- Mahaney, B.L., et al. 2009. Repair of ionizing radiation-induced DNA double-strand breaks by non-homologous end-joining. Biochem. J. 417: 639-650.
- Malivert, L., et al. 2009. The C-terminal domain of Cernunnos/XLF is dispensable for DNA repair in vivo. Mol. Cell Biol. 29: 1116-1122.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: NHEJ1 (human) mapping to 2q35; Nhej1 (mouse) mapping to 1 C3.

## SOURCE

XLF (M-130) is a rabbit polyclonal antibody raised against amino acids 1-130 mapping near the N-terminus of XLF of mouse origin.

## **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with <0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Available as TransCruz reagent for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications, sc-68902 X, 200  $\mu g/0.1$  ml.

## **APPLICATIONS**

XLF (M-130) is recommended for detection of XLF of mouse, rat and, to a lesser extent, human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for XLF siRNA (h): sc-76936, XLF siRNA (m): sc-76937, XLF shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76936-SH, XLF shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-76937-SH, XLF shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76936-V and XLF shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76937-V.

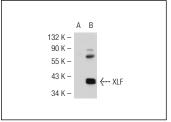
XLF (M-130) X TransCruz antibody is recommended for Gel Supershift and ChIP applications.

Molecular Weight (predicted) of XLF: 33 kDa.

Molecular Weight (observed) of XLF: 40 kDa.

Positive Controls: XLF (m): 293T Lysate: sc-124664.

## **DATA**



XLF (M-130): sc-68902. Western blot analysis of XLF expression in non-transfected: sc-117752 (**A**) and mouse XLF transfected: sc-124664 (**B**) 293T whole cell

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## **PROTOCOLS**

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **XLF (D-1):** sc-166488 or **XLF (E-2):** sc-393844, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to XLF (M-130).