

USP14 (E-17): sc-69075

BACKGROUND

The ubiquitin (Ub) pathway involves three sequential enzymatic steps that facilitate the conjugation of Ub and Ub-like molecules to specific protein substrates. Through the use of a wide range of enzymes that can add or remove ubiquitin, the Ub pathway controls many intracellular processes such as signal transduction, transcriptional activation and cell cycle progression. USP14 (ubiquitin specific peptidase 14), also known as TGT (tRNA-guanine transglycosylase), is a cytoplasmic protein that belongs to the ubiquitin-specific processing family of deubiquitinating enzymes. Existing as a homodimer within the cell, USP14 functions to cleave ubiquitin residues from both ubiquitinated proteins and ubiquitin-fused precursors, thereby saving these proteins from proteasomal degradation. In mice, defects or mutations in the gene encoding USP14 cause retarded growth or fetal death, indicating that USP14 plays a key role in early developmental processes. Multiple isoforms of USP14 are expressed due to alternative splicing events.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: USP14 (human) mapping to 18p11.32; Usp14 (mouse) mapping to 18 A1.

SOURCE

USP14 (E-17) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of USP14 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 µg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-69075 P, (100 µg peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

APPLICATIONS

USP14 (E-17) is recommended for detection of USP14 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 µg per 100-500 µg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

USP14 (E-17) is also recommended for detection of USP14 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Suitable for use as control antibody for USP14 siRNA (h): sc-76817, USP14 siRNA (m): sc-76818, USP14 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-76817-SH, USP14 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-76818-SH, USP14 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76817-V and USP14 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-76818-V.

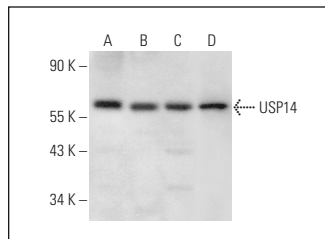
Molecular Weight of USP14: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or HEK293 whole cell lysate: sc-45136.

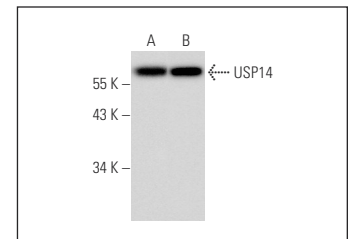
RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

DATA



USP14 (E-17): sc-69075. Western blot analysis of USP14 expression in HeLa (A), HEK293 (B), PANC-1 (C) and U-251-MG (D) whole cell lysates.



USP14 (E-17): sc-69075. Western blot analysis of USP14 expression in U-698-M (A) and Jurkat (B) whole cell lysates.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **USP14 (F-4): sc-398009** or **USP14 (A-1): sc-393872**, our highly recommended monoclonal alternatives to USP14 (E-17).