SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

Cytokeratin 15 (G-12): sc-69553



BACKGROUND

Cytokeratin 15 (CK15, K15, K1C0, keratin15, type I cytoskeletal 15) is an intermediate filament (IF) type I protein that is responsible for the mechanical integrity of epithelial cells. Keratin family members are subdivided into cytokeratins and hair keratins. Most of the type I cytokeratins consist of acidic proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains, and are clustered in a region on chromosome 17q21.2. Cytokeratin 15 is a specific marker of stem cells of the hair-follicle bulge and may be a useful marker for diagnosis between basal cell carcinoma and trichoepithelioma. Trichoblastoma are benign neoplasms of follicular differentiation frequently found in nevus sebaceus. Many morphologic features are shared with nodular basal cell carcinoma, sometimes rendering a diagnosis difficult. Trichoblastoma and BCC show variable expression of Cytokeratin 15 and Cytokeratin 19, and absence of hair keratins.

REFERENCES

- 1. Kanitakis, J., et al. 1999. Expression of the hair stem cell-specific keratin 15 in pilar tumors of the skin. Eur J Dermatol 9: 363-365.
- Waseem, A., et al. 1999. Keratin 15 expression in stratified epithelia: downregulation in activated keratinocytes. J Invest Dermatol 112: 362-369.
- 3. Werner, S., et al. 2000. Suppression of keratin 15 expression by transforming growth factor β *in vitro* and by cutaneous injury *in vivo*. Exp Cell Res 254: 80-90.
- Whittock, N.V., et al. 2000. Genomic organization and amplification of the human keratin 15 and keratin 19 genes. Biochem Biophys Res Commun 267: 462-465.
- Badock, V., et al. 2001. Apoptosis-induced cleavage of keratin 15 and keratin 17 in a human breast epithelial cell line. Cell Death Differ 8: 308-315.
- Kurzen, H., et al. 2001. Cytokeratins as markers of follicular differentiation: an immunohistochemical study of trichoblastoma and basal cell carcinoma. Am J Dermatopathol 23: 501-509.
- 7. Liu, Y., et al. 2003. Keratin 15 promoter targets putative epithelial stem cells in the hair follicle bulge. J Invest Dermatol 121: 963-968.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus:Krt1-15 (mouse) mapping to 11 D.

SOURCE

Cytokeratin 15 (G-12) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping within an internal region of Cytokeratin 15 of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg IgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-69553 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

APPLICATIONS

Cytokeratin 15 (G-12) is recommended for detection of Cytokeratin 15 of mouse and rat origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Molecular Weight of Cytokeratin 15: 52 kDa.

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker™ compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker™ Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **D0 NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.