

Hemoglobin (5B6): sc-69909

BACKGROUND

Hemoglobin (Hgb) is a 66.7 kDa protein coupled to four iron-binding, methene-linked tetrapyrrole rings (heme). The α (16p13.3; 5'- ζ -pseudo ζ -pseudo α 2-pseudo α 1- α 2- α 1- θ 1-3') and β (11p15.5) globin loci determine the basic hemoglobin structure. The globin portion of hemoglobin consists of two α chains and two β chains arranged in pairs forming a tetramer. Each of the four globin chains covalently associates with a heme group. The bonds between α and β chains are weaker than between similar globin chains, thereby forming a cleavage plane that is important for oxygen binding and release. High affinity for oxygen occurs upon relaxation of the α 1- β 2 cleavage plane. When the two α 1- β 2 interfaces are closely bound, hemoglobin has a low affinity for oxygen. Hb A, which contains two α chains plus two β chains, comprises 97% of total circulating hemoglobin. The remaining 3% of total circulating hemoglobin is comprised of Hb A-2, which consists of two α chains plus two δ chains, and fetal hemoglobin (Hb F), which consists of two α chains together with two γ chains.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

Hemoglobin (5B6) is a rat monoclonal antibody raised against Hemoglobin of mouse origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgG_{2a} in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Hemoglobin (5B6) is recommended for detection of Hemoglobin of mouse origin by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, ****DO NOT FREEZE****. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



See **Hemoglobin $\beta/\gamma/\delta/\epsilon$ (A-8): sc-390668** for Hemoglobin $\beta/\gamma/\delta/\epsilon$ antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor® 488 and Alexa Fluor® 647.