# caspase-9 (4E31): sc-70506



The Power to Question

### **BACKGROUND**

A unique family of cysteine proteases has been described that differs in sequence, structure and substrate specificity from any previously described protease family. This family, Ced-3/caspase-1, is comprised of caspase-1, caspase-2, caspase-3, caspase-4, caspase-6, caspase-7 (also designated Mch3, ICE-LAP3 or CMH-1), caspase-9 and caspase-10. Ced-3/caspase-1 family members function as key components of the apoptotic machinery and act to destroy specific target proteins which are critical to cellular longevity. Poly(ADP-ribose) polymerase plays an integral role in surveying for DNA mutations and double strand breaks. Caspase-3, caspase-7 and caspase-9, but not caspase-1, have been shown to cleave the nuclear protein PARP into an apoptotic fragment. Caspase-6, but not caspase-3, has been shown to cleave the nuclear lamins, which are critical to maintaining the integrity of the nuclear envelope and cellular morphology. Caspase-10 has been shown to activate caspase-3 and caspase-7 in response to apoptotic stimuli.

## CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CASP9 (human) mapping to 1p36.21; Casp9 (mouse) mapping to 4 E1.

### SOURCE

caspase-9 (4E31) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against the prodomain of caspase-9 of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \ lgG_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **APPLICATIONS**

caspase-9 (4E31) is recommended for detection of caspase-9 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

Suitable for use as control antibody for caspase-9 siRNA (h): sc-29931, caspase-9 siRNA (m): sc-37227, caspase-9 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29931-SH, caspase-9 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-37227-SH, caspase-9 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29931-V and caspase-9 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37227-V.

Molecular Weight of procaspase-9: 46 kDa.

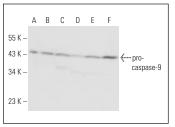
Molecular Weight of caspase-9 activated form: 35 kDa.

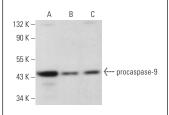
Positive Controls: HeLa whole cell lysate: sc-2200, Jurkat whole cell lysate: sc-2204 or HuT 78 whole cell lysate: sc-2208.

### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, UltraCruz® Blocking Reagent: sc-516214 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml). 3) Immunofluorescence: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-FITC: sc-516140 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-PE: sc-516141 (dilution range: 1:50-1:200) with UltraCruz® Mounting Medium: sc-24941 or UltraCruz® Hard-set Mounting Medium: sc-359850. 4) Immunohistochemistry: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 with DAB, 50X: sc-24982 and Immunohistomount: sc-45086, or Organo/Limonene Mount: sc-45087.

## **DATA**





caspase-9 (4E31): sc-70506. Western blot analysis of procaspase-9 expression in HeLa ( $\bf A$ ), Jurkat ( $\bf B$ ), HuT 78 ( $\bf C$ ), MOLT-4 ( $\bf D$ ), UV-treated HeLa ( $\bf E$ ) and

caspase-9 (4E31): sc-70506. Western blot analysis of procaspase-9 expression in HeLa (**A**), K-562 (**B**) and U-87 MG (**C**) whole cell lysates.

#### **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Yin, X.H., et al. 2013. Neuroprotection of S-nitrosoglutathione against ischemic injury by down-regulating Fas S-nitrosylation and downstream signaling. Neuroscience 248: 290-298.
- Zhang, D., et al. 2016. Procaspase-9 induces its cleavage by transnitrosylating XIAP via the Thioredoxin system during cerebral ischemia-reperfusion in rats. Sci. Rep. 6: 24203.
- 3. Yin, X.H., et al. 2016. PDZ1 inhibitor peptide protects neurons against ischemia via inhibiting GluK2-PSD-95-module-mediated Fas signaling pathway. Brain Res. 1637: 64-70.
- 4. Yin, X.H., et al. 2017. Geldanamycin inhibits Fas signaling pathway and protects neurons against ischemia. Neurosci. Res. 124: 33-39.
- Rashidbaghan, A., et al. 2021. The agglutinin of common nettle (*Urtica dioica L.*) plant effects on gene expression related to apoptosis of human acute myeloid leukemia cell line. Biochem. Genet. 59: 1049-1064.

# **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



See **caspase-9 (96.1.23): sc-56076** for caspase-9 antibody conjugates, including AC, HRP, FITC, PE, and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488, 546, 594, 647, 680 and 790.