CD59 (N-20): sc-7077



The Power to Overtin

BACKGROUND

CD59 is a GPI-anchored glycoprotein that is expressed on leukocytes, vascular endothelial cells, various epithelial cells and placenta. CD59 acts together with CD58 in mediating T cell adhesion and activation, and it may be a second ligand of CD2. CD59 functions as a regulator of the terminal pathway of complement by binding to the C8/C9 components of the assembling membrane attack complex (MAC) on host cell membranes, to stop the formation of the lytic pore. CD59 also drives both calcium release and activation of lipid-raft associated signalling molecules such as tyrosine kinases. CD59 gene has two p53-responsive domains that may be implicated in the defense of host cells from damage by the complement system in inflammation, suggesting that p53 could be used to mediate susceptibility of tumor cells to the complement lysis during chemotherapy.

REFERENCES

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- 2. Storstein, A., et al. 2004. Heterogeneous expression of CD59 on human Purkinje cells. Neurosci. Lett. 362: 21-25.
- Lin, F., et al. 2004. Respective roles of decay-accelerating factor and CD59 in circumventing glomerular injury in acute nephrotoxic serum nephritis.
 J. Immunol. 172: 2636-2642.
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- 5. Giddings, K.S., et al. 2004. Human CD59 is a receptor for the cholesterol-dependent cytolysin intermedilysin. Nat. Struct. Mol. Biol. 11: 1173-1178.
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CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CD59 (human) mapping to 11p13.

SOURCE

CD59 (N-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the N-terminus of CD59 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-7077 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as fluorescein conjugate for immunofluorescence, sc-7077 FITC, 200 $\mu g/ml$.

APPLICATIONS

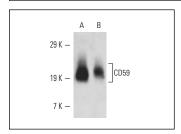
CD59 (N-20) is recommended for detection of CD59 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CD59 siRNA (h): sc-37249, CD59 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-37249-SH and CD59 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-37249-V.

Molecular Weight of CD59: 20 kDa.

Positive Controls: BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207, ES-2 cell lysate: sc-24674 or Caki-1 cell lysate: sc-2224.

DATA



CD59 (N-20): sc-7077. Western blot analysis of CD59 expression in ES-2 (A) and Caki-1 (B) whole cell lysates

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Zhang, J., et al. 2002. Early complement activation and decreased levels
 of glycosylphosphatidylinositol-anchored complement inhibitors in human
 and experimental diabetic retinopathy. Diabetes 51: 3499-3504.
- 2. Zhu, X., et al. 2008. Activity after site-directed mutagenesis of CD59 on complement-mediated cytolysis. Cell. Mol. Immunol. 5: 141-146.
- Cashman, S.M., et al. 2011. A non membrane-targeted human soluble CD59 attenuates choroidal neovascularization in a model of age related macular degeneration. PLoS ONE 6: e19078.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.



Try CD59 (H-7): sc-133170 or CD59 (B-3): sc-133171, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to CD59 (N-20).