CD98 (C-20): sc-7095



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

CD98 (4F2, CD98, MDU1, 4F2HC, 4T2HC, NACAE) is a disulfide-linked heterodimer composed of a glycosylated heavy chain and a non-glycosylated light chain. CD98 is a scaffolding protein that interacts with basolaterally expressed amino acid transporters and $\beta 1$ integrins and can alter amino acid transport and cell adhesion, migration and branching morphogenesis. The heavy chain is a type II integral membrane protein. CD98 is expressed on T cells and is upregulated upon T cell activation. CD98 is also present on monocytes and at lower levels on granulocytes, platelets and lymphocytes. Evidence suggests that CD98 may play a role in the regulation of T cell activation and proliferation. Alternate transcriptional splice variants, encoding different isoforms, exist for the human CD98 gene.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: SLC3A2 (human) mapping to 11q12.3.

SOURCE

CD98 (C-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of CD98 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200 μg lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-7095 P, (100 μ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

Available as phycoerythrin (sc-7095 PE) or fluorescein (sc-7095 FITC) con-jugates for flow cytometry, 100 tests.

Available as Alexa Fluor® 405 (sc-7095 AF405), Alexa Fluor® 488 (sc-7095 AF488) or Alexa Fluor® 647 (sc-7095 AF647) conjugates for flow cytometry or immunofluorescence; 100 μ g/2 ml.

Alexa Fluor® is a trademark of Molecular Probes, Inc., Oregon, USA

APPLICATIONS

CD98 (C-2d0) is recommended for detection of CD98 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μg per 100-500 μg of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), immunohistochemistry (including paraffin-embedded sections) (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500), flow cytometry (1 μg per 1 x 106 cells) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

Suitable for use as control antibody for CD98 siRNA (h): sc-35033, CD98 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-35033-SH and CD98 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-35033-V.

Molecular Weight of CD98: 125 kDa.

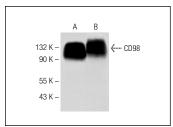
STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

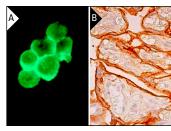
RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

DATA







CD98 (C-20): sc-7095. Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed U-937 cells showing membrane localization (A). Immunoperoxidase staining of formalin fixed, paraffin-embedded human placenta tissue showing membrane staining of trophoblastic cells (B)

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

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- 7. Nguyen, H.T., et al. 2009. MicroRNA-7 modulates CD98 expression during intestinal epithelial cell differentiation. J. Biol. Chem. 285: 1479-1489.
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- McNally, A.K., et al. 2011. Foreign body-type multinucleated giant cells induced by interleukin-4 express select lymphocyte co-stimulatory molecules and are phenotypically distinct from osteoclasts and dendritic cells. Exp. Mol. Pathol. 91: 673-681.
- McNally, A.K., 2015. Phenotypic expression in human monocyte-derived interleukin-4-induced foreign body giant cells and macrophages *in vitro*: dependence on material surface properties. J. Biomed. Mater. Res. A 103: 1380-1390.