



E. coli O157 (1.B.247): sc-71001

BACKGROUND

Escherichia coli is a member of the family *Enterobacteriaceae* and it is one of the main species of bacteria living in the lower intestines of mammals. *E. coli* is a Gram-negative, rod-shaped, aerobic microbe that is commonly used as a model organism for bacteria in general. The K99 pilus antigen plays a large role in *E. coli* attachment and colonization in the small intestine. *E. coli* is the cause of a wide variety of infections in mammals, including urinary tract infections, meningitis, peritonitis, mastitis, septicemia and Gram-negative pneumonia. Because of the important role of *E. coli* in modern biological engineering, researchers commonly take advantage of this bacteria. *E. coli* can be easily altered to synthesize DNA or proteins, which can then be produced in large quantities using industrial fermentation processes.

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SOURCE

E. coli O157 (1.B.247) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against *E. coli*.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 μ g IgM in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

E. coli O157 (1.B.247) is recommended for detection of serotype O157 of *E. coli* origin by immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500).

RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Immunofluorescence: use goat anti-mouse IgM-FITC: sc-2082 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or goat anti-mouse IgM-TR: sc-2983 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz™ Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.