# Oct-1 (0.T.100): sc-71744



The Power to Question

## **BACKGROUND**

POU domain proteins contain a bipartite DNA binding domain divided by a flexible linker that enables them to adopt various monomer configurations on DNA. The versatility of POU protein operation is additionally conferred at the dimerization level. The POU dimer from the Oct-1 gene formed on the palindromic Oct factor-recognition element, or PORE (ATTTGAAATGCAAAT), could recruit the transcriptional co-activator OBF1. Studies of tissue-specific expression of immunoglobulin promoters demonstrate the importance of an octamer, ATTTGCAT, and the proteins that bind to it. This is a regulatory element important for tissue- and cell-specific transcription, as well as for transcription of a number of housekeeping genes. The Oct-1 gene encodes one protein, NF-A1, which is found in nuclear extracts from all cell types and thus is not specific to lymphoid cells as is the protein NF-A2, which is encoded by the Oct-2 gene.

# **REFERENCES**

- 1. Clerc, R.G., et al. 1988. The B cell-specific Oct-2 protein contains POU box- and homeobox-type domains. Genes Dev. 2: 1570-1581.
- Sturm, R.A., et al. 1988. The ubiquitous octamer-binding protein Oct-1 contains a POU domain with a homeobox subdomain. Genes Dev. 2: 1582-1599.
- Scheidereit, C., et al. 1988. A human lymphoid-specific transcription factor that activates immunoglobulin genes is a homeobox protein. Nature 336: 551-557
- 4. Kristie, T.M., et al. 1989. The octamer-binding proteins form multi-protein DNA complexes with the HSV  $\alpha$  TIF regulatory protein. EMBO J. 8: 4229-4238.
- 5. Verrijzer, C.P., et al. 1990. The DNA binding domain (POU domain) of transcription factor Oct-1 suffices for stimulation of DNA replication. EMBO J. 9: 1883-1888
- Petryniak, B., et al. 1990. Characterization of chicken octamer-binding proteins demonstrates that POU domain-containing homeobox transcription factors have been highly conserved during vertebrate evolution. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 87: 1099-1103.
- Verrijzer, C.P., et al. 1990. The Oct-1 homeodomain contacts only part of the octamer sequence and full Oct-1 DNA-binding activity requires the POUspecific domain. Genes Dev. 4: 1964-1974.

# CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: POU2F1 (human) mapping to 1q24.1; Pou2f1 (mouse) mapping to 1 H2.3.

# SOURCE

Oct-1 (0.T.100) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against recombinant full length Oct-1 of human origin.

# **PRODUCT**

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g \; lgG_1$  kappa light chain in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Oct-1 (0.T.100) is recommended for detection of Oct-1 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000) and immunoprecipitation [1-2  $\mu$ g per 100-500  $\mu$ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)].

Suitable for use as control antibody for Oct-1 siRNA (h): sc-36119, Oct-1 siRNA (m): sc-36120, Oct-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-36119-SH, Oct-1 shRNA Plasmid (m): sc-36120-SH, Oct-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36119-V and Oct-1 shRNA (m) Lentiviral Particles: sc-36120-V.

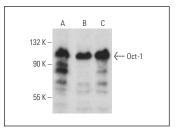
Molecular Weight of Oct-1: 95 kDa.

Positive Controls: Jurkat nuclear extract: sc-2132, BJAB whole cell lysate: sc-2207 or Ramos nuclear extract: sc-2153.

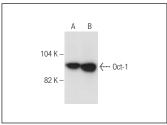
#### **RECOMMENDED SUPPORT REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP: sc-516102 or m-lgG $\kappa$  BP-HRP (Cruz Marker): sc-516102-CM (dilution range: 1:1000-1:10000), Cruz Marker<sup>TM</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunoprecipitation: use Protein A/G PLUS-Agarose: sc-2003 (0.5 ml agarose/2.0 ml).

#### **DATA**



Oct-1 (0.T.100): sc-71744. Western blot analysis of Oct-1 expression in U-698-M (**A**), COLO 320DM (**B**) and BJAB (**C**) whole cell lysates.



Oct-1 (0.T.100): sc-71744. Western blot analysis of Oct-1 expression in Jurkat (**A**) and Ramos (**B**) nuclear extracts.

# **SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS**

- Robinson, A.R., et al. 2011. Cellular transcription factor Oct-1 interacts with the epstein-barr virus BRLF1 protein to promote disruption of viral latency. J. Virol. 85: 8940-8953.
- Robinson, A.R., et al. 2012. The B-cell specific transcription factor, Oct-2, promotes Epstein-Barr virus latency by inhibiting the viral immediate-early protein, BZLF1. PLoS Pathog. 8: e1002516.

# **STORAGE**

Store at 4° C, \*\*DO NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

## **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.