B7-1 (2D10): sc-73382



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

T cell proliferation and lymphokine production are triggered by occupation of the TCR by antigen, followed by a costimulatory signal that is delivered by a ligand expressed on antigen presenting cells. The B7-related cell surface proteins CD80 (B7-1) and CD86 (B7-2) are expressed on antigen presenting cells, bind the homologous T cell receptors CTLA-4 (cytotoxic T lymphocyte-associated protein-4) and CD28 and trigger costimulatory signals for optimal T cell activation. CTLA-4 shares 31% overall amino acid identity with CD28 and it has been proposed that CD28 and CTLA-4 are functionally redundant. SLAM is a novel receptor on T cells that, when engaged, potentiates T cell expansion in a CD28-independent manner. B7, also designated BB1, is another ligand or counterreceptor for CD28 and CTLA-4 that is expressed on the antigen-presenting cell.

REFERENCES

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- Schwartz, R.H. 1992. Costimulation of T lymphocytes: the role of CD28, CTLA-4, and B7/BB1 in IL-2 production and immunotherapy. Cell 71: 1065-1068.
- Peach, R.J., et al. 1995. Both extracellular immunoglobin-like domains of CD80 contain residues critical for binding T cell surface receptors CTLA-4 and CD28. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 21181-21187.
- Fargeas, C.A., et al. 1995. Identification of residues in the V domain of CD80 (B7-1) implicated in functional interactions with CD28 and CTLA-4.
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- Gribben, J.G., et al. 1995. CTLA-4 mediates antigen-specific apoptosis of human T cells. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92: 811-815.
- Cocks, B.G., et al. 1995. A novel receptor involved in T cell activation. Nature 376: 260-263.
- 7. Harlan, D.M., et al. 1995. Potential roles of the B7 and CD28 receptor families in autoimmunity and immune evasion. Clin. Immunol. Immunopathol. 75: 99-111.

CHROMOSOMAL LOCATION

Genetic locus: CD80 (human) mapping to 3q13.33.

SOURCE

B7-1 (2D10) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against B7-1 of human origin.

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g \; lg G_1$ in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

APPLICATIONS

B7-1 (2D10) is recommended for detection of B7-1 of human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunoprecipitation [1-2 μ g per 100-500 μ g of total protein (1 ml of cell lysate)], immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and flow cytometry (1 μ g per 1 x 10⁶ cells).

Suitable for use as control antibody for B7-1 siRNA (h): sc-29773, B7-1 shRNA Plasmid (h): sc-29773-SH and B7-1 shRNA (h) Lentiviral Particles: sc-29773-V.

Molecular Weight of B7-1: 60 kDa.

Positive Controls: Ramos cell lysate: sc-2216 or human PBL whole cell lysate.

SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- 1. La Rocca, G., et al. 2013. Human Wharton's jelly mesenchymal stem cells maintain the expression of key immunomodulatory molecules when subjected to osteogenic, adipogenic and chondrogenic differentiation *in vitro*: new perspectives for cellular therapy. Curr. Stem Cell Res. Ther. 8: 100-113.
- 2. Lin, R., et al. 2016. Altered function of monocytes/macrophages in patients with autoimmune hepatitis. Mol. Med. Rep. 13: 3874-3880.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

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