Neisseria gonorrhoeae (15803): sc-73448



The Power to Question

BACKGROUND

Neisseria gonorrhoeae is a bacteria that causes the disease gonorrhea. Spread through sexual contact, Neisseria gonorrhoeae usually colonizes the mucous membranes of the urethra. The resulting infection may spread from there to other tissues, such as the female endocervix. Neisseria species require unique nutrients to survive and proliferate. Neisseria gonorrhoeae is a Gram-negative bacteria that effectively establishes itself by attaching its fimbriae to nonciliated epithelial cells. Its mechanism of pathogenesis is furthered by producing both a highly toxic lipopolysaccharide endotoxin, and also IgA proteases in order to promote virulence. Common symptoms of the disease gonorrhea include purulent gential discharge and a burning sensation during urination. Neisseria gonorrhoeae is resistant to the penicillin family.

REFERENCES

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SOURCE

Neisseria gonorrhoeae (15803) is a mouse monoclonal antibody raised against a pool of UV-inactivated *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* cells: *Neisseria* Reference Laboratory strains G-7, R-11 and 71222 (W-I), 5766 and 8038 (W-II), 8660 (W-III).

PRODUCT

Each vial contains 100 $\mu g~lgG_{2b}$ in 1.0 ml PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

APPLICATIONS

Neisseria gonorrhoeae (15803) is recommended for detection of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* by solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000); non cross-reactive with *N. meningitidis*, *N. cinerea*, *N. lactamica*, *N. sicca*, *B. cataffhalis*, *E. coli*, *P. mirabilis*, *Gardnerella vaginialis*, *Group B. Srep.* or *Chlamydia*.

STORAGE

Store at 4° C, **DO NOT FREEZE**. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

RESEARCH USE

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com for detailed protocols and support products.

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