# SANTA CRUZ BIOTECHNOLOGY, INC.

# GABA<sub>A</sub> Rα5 (C-20): sc-7356



# BACKGROUND

GAD-65 and GAD-67, glutamate decarboxylases function to catalyze the production of GABA ( $\gamma$ -aminobutyric acid). In the central nervous system GABA functions as the main inhibitory transmitter by increasing a Cl-conductance that inhibits neuronal firing. GABA has been shown to activate both ionotropic (GABA<sub>A</sub>) and metabotropic (GABA<sub>B</sub>) receptors as well as a third class of receptors called GABA<sub>C</sub>. Both GABA<sub>A</sub> and GABA<sub>C</sub> are ligand-gated ion channels, however, they are structurally and functionally distinct. Members of the GABA<sub>A</sub> receptor family include GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 1-6, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\beta$ 1-3, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\gamma$ 1-3, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\delta$ , GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\epsilon$ , GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\rho$ 1 and GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\rho$ 2. The GABA<sub>B</sub> family is composed of GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\alpha$  and GABA<sub>B</sub> R1 $\beta$ . GABA transporters have also been identified and include GABA transporters function to terminate GABA action.

# REFERENCES

- 1. Nelson, H., et al. 1990. Cloning of the human brain GABA transporter. FEBS Lett. 269: 181-184.
- Cherubini, E., et al. 1991. GABA: an excitatory transmitter in early postnatal life. Trends Neurosci. 14: 515-519.
- Borden, L.A., et al. 1992. Molecular heterogeneity of the γ-aminobutyric acid (GABA) transport system. Cloning of two novel high affinity GABA transporters from rat brain. J. Biol. Chem. 267: 21098-21104.
- 4. Dirkx, R., Jr., et al. 1995. Targeting of the 67 kDa isoform of glutamic acid decarboxylase to intracellular organelles is mediated by its interaction with the NH<sub>2</sub>-terminal region of the 65 kDa isoform of glutamic acid decarboxylase. J. Biol. Chem. 270: 2241-2246.
- Lukasiewicz, P.D. 1996. GABA<sub>C</sub> receptors in the vertebrate retina. Mol. Neurobiol. 12: 181-194.
- Kaupmann, K., et al. 1997. Expression cloning of GABA<sub>B</sub> receptors uncovers similarity to metabotropic glutamate receptors. Nature 386: 239-246.
- Korpi, E.R., et al. 1997. GABA<sub>A</sub>-receptor subtypes: clinical efficiency and selectivity of benzodiazepine site ligands. Ann. Med. 29: 275-282.

# SOURCE

 $GABA_A$   $R\alpha5$  (C-20) is an affinity purified goat polyclonal antibody raised against a peptide mapping at the C-terminus of  $GABA_A$   $R\alpha5$  of human origin.

# PRODUCT

Each vial contains 200  $\mu g$  lgG in 1.0 ml of PBS with < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.1% gelatin.

Blocking peptide available for competition studies, sc-7356 P, (100  $\mu$ g peptide in 0.5 ml PBS containing < 0.1% sodium azide and 0.2% BSA).

#### STORAGE

Store at 4° C, \*\*D0 NOT FREEZE\*\*. Stable for one year from the date of shipment. Non-hazardous. No MSDS required.

#### APPLICATIONS

GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 5 (C-20) is recommended for detection of GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 1, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 2, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 3 and GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 5 of mouse, rat and human origin by Western Blotting (starting dilution 1:200, dilution range 1:100-1:1000), immunofluorescence (starting dilution 1:50, dilution range 1:50-1:500) and solid phase ELISA (starting dilution 1:30, dilution range 1:30-1:3000).

GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 5 (C-20) is also recommended for detection of GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 1, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 2, GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 3 and GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 5 in additional species, including equine, canine, bovine, porcine and avian.

Molecular Weight of GABAA Ra5: 55 kDa.

#### **RECOMMENDED SECONDARY REAGENTS**

To ensure optimal results, the following support (secondary) reagents are recommended: 1) Western Blotting: use donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2020 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:100,000) or Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> compatible donkey anti-goat IgG-HRP: sc-2033 (dilution range: 1:2000-1:5000), Cruz Marker<sup>™</sup> Molecular Weight Standards: sc-2035, TBS Blotto A Blocking Reagent: sc-2333 and Western Blotting Luminol Reagent: sc-2048. 2) Immunofluo-rescence: use donkey anti-goat IgG-FITC: sc-2024 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) or donkey anti-goat IgG-TR: sc-2783 (dilution range: 1:100-1:400) with UltraCruz<sup>™</sup> Mounting Medium: sc-24941.

# SELECT PRODUCT CITATIONS

- Dickerson, L.W., et al. 2002. Altered GABAergic function accompanies hippocampal degeneration in mice lacking CIC-3 voltage-gated chloride channels. Brain Res. 958: 227-250.
- Lösel, R., et al. 2004. Porcine spermatozoa contain more than one membrane progesterone receptor. Int. J. Biochem. Cell Biol. 36: 1532-1541.

#### **RESEARCH USE**

For research use only, not for use in diagnostic procedures.

#### PROTOCOLS

See our web site at www.scbt.com or our catalog for detailed protocols and support products.



Try **GABA<sub>A</sub> R\alpha1-6 (E-8): sc-376282** or **GABA<sub>A</sub> R\alpha5** (A-5): sc-393921, our highly recommended monoclonal aternatives to GABA<sub>A</sub> R $\alpha$ 5 (C-20). Also, for AC, HRP, FITC, PE, Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 488 and Alexa Fluor<sup>®</sup> 647 conjugates, see **GABA<sub>A</sub> R\alpha1-6 (E-8): sc-376282**.